



# OpenText

## ArcSight SmartConnectors

Software Version: CE 24.1

### Configuration Guide for Amazon S3 SmartConnector

Document Release Date: January 2024

Software Release Date: January 2024

# Contents

Configuration Guide for Amazon S3 SmartConnector .....	4
Product Overview .....	4
Supported Log Sources .....	5
Amazon Security Lake .....	5
Syslog and other Log Sources .....	6
Understanding Data Collection .....	9
S3 Approach - Poll Approach .....	9
SQS Approach - Notification Approach .....	9
Prerequisites .....	10
Setting up an AWS Account .....	10
Creating a Group .....	10
Creating and Adding a User to a Group .....	11
Configuring Log Retrieval .....	12
S3 Approach - Poll Approach .....	12
SQS Approach - Notification Approach .....	13
Creating and Configuring an S3 Bucket to Receive Logs .....	13
Configuring an S3 to Send Events to SQS on a New Object .....	13
Creating an SQS Queue for the Connector to Poll .....	13
Configuring S3 to Send Events to SQS .....	14
Installing the SmartConnector .....	14
Preparing to Install Connector .....	14
Installing and Configuring the SmartConnector by Using the Wizard .....	15
Advanced Parameters .....	18
Additional Parameters .....	19
Performance Tuning .....	20
Adding Parser Files .....	21
Device Event Mapping to ArcSight Fields .....	22
Additional DNS Logs Version 3 Mappings to ArcSight Fields .....	23
Additional DNS Logs Version 4 Mappings to ArcSight Fields .....	23
Additional Proxy Logs Version 4 Mappings to ArcSight Fields .....	23
Cisco Umbrella DNS Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields .....	23
Cisco Umbrella Proxy Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields .....	24

- Cisco Umbrella IP Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields ..... 25
- CloudFront Access Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields .....26
- CloudFront Real-time Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields .....27
- Amazon Security Lake Mappings ..... 29
  - OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events ..... 29
  - System Activity OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events ..... 29
  - Findings OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events ..... 30
  - Audit and Cloud Activity OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events ..... 31
  - Network Activity OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events .....33
- Troubleshooting ..... 35
- Send Documentation Feedback ..... 37

# Configuration Guide for Amazon S3 SmartConnector

This guide provides information for installing the SmartConnector for Amazon S3 and configuring the device for event collection from an Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) bucket.

## Intended Audience

This guide provides information for IT administrators who are responsible for managing the ArcSight software and its environment.

## Additional Documentation

The ArcSight SmartConnector documentation library includes the following resources:

- [Technical Requirements Guide for SmartConnector](#), which provides information about operating system, appliance, browser, and other support details for SmartConnector.
- [Installation and User Guide for SmartConnectors](#), which provides detailed information about installing SmartConnectors.
- [Configuration Guides for ArcSight SmartConnectors](#), which provides information about configuring SmartConnectors to collect events from different sources.
- [Configuration Guide for SmartConnector Load Balancer](#), which provides detailed information about installing Load Balancer.

For the most recent version of this guide and other ArcSight SmartConnector documentation resources, visit the [documentation site for ArcSight SmartConnectors 8.4](#).

## Contact Information

We want to hear your comments and suggestions about this book and the other documentation included with this product. You can use the comment on this topic link at the bottom of each page of the online documentation, or send an email to [MFI-Documentation-Feedback@opentext.com](mailto:MFI-Documentation-Feedback@opentext.com).

For specific product issues, [contact Open Text Support for Micro Focus products](#).

## Product Overview

Amazon S3 SmartConnector collects events from an Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) bucket and parses these events in the required format.

An Amazon S3 bucket receives events in any of the following ways:

- Through a device - A device sends events directly to an Amazon S3, or you can upload events manually.
- Through Amazon Cloudwatch - Amazon CloudWatch forwards or exports events to an Amazon S3 bucket. For information about exporting logs to Amazon S3, see the [Amazon CloudWatch Documentation](#).

**The Amazon S3 SmartConnector supports the following log formats:**

CSV, Json, Regex, Key- value pair, XML, XQuery, and CEF

### Related AWS Services

- **Amazon Web Services (AWS)** is a collection of remote computing services (also called web services) that make up a cloud computing platform offered by Amazon which provides online services for other websites or client-side applications.
- **Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3)** is an object storage service that offers industry-leading scalability, data availability, security, and performance. You must create a bucket in one of the Amazon regions to upload your data. You can then upload any number of objects to the bucket.
- **Amazon Simple Queue Service (Amazon SQS)** is a fully managed service that works with serverless systems, micro-services, and distributed architectures. It has the capability of sending, storing and receiving messages at scale without dropping message data.

## Supported Log Sources

The SmartConnector for Amazon S3 currently supports the following log sources:

- ["Amazon Security Lake" below](#)
- [Syslog and other log sources](#)

## Amazon Security Lake

The Amazon Security Lake log source automates the collection of security-related logs and events from integrated AWS services and third-party services. Amazon Security Lake also helps you manage the lifecycle of data with the customizable retention and replication settings.

Amazon Security Lake streams the logs in a standard open-source schema called the Open Cybersecurity Schema Framework (OCSF) and converts the ingested data into Apache Parquet format. It stores the converted data in the Amazon S3 buckets.

The Amazon S3 SmartConnector collects and parses the OCSF logs that are stored in an Amazon S3 bucket by Amazon Security Lake.

To enable and access Amazon Security Lake in your AWS account, see [Enable Amazon Security Lake](#) in AWS documentation help.



**Note:** It is recommended to choose the **SQS** polling approach, when you configure the Amazon S3 SmartConnector with Amazon Security Lake log type.

## Syslog and other Log Sources

The SmartConnector can support other log sources available in an Amazon S3 bucket.

<b>Note:</b> The following log sources are also supported through the Amazon S3 SmartConnector. However, you need to make sure that the logs from these log sources are made available in the S3 bucket.			
Apache HTTP Server Access Multiple Folder File	Dell EMC Isilon/PowerScale Unity and VNXe Storage	Linux Audit File	Qualys QualysGuard File
Apache HTTP Server Error File	Extreme Networks Dragon Export Tool File	McAfee Web Gateway File_Access	Rapid7 NeXpose XML File
Apache Tomcat File	Extreme Networks Dragon IDS File	McAfee Web Gateway File_Access_Denied	SAINT Vulnerability Scanner
AWS CloudTrail	F-Secure Anti-Virus File	McAfee Web Gateway File_Found_viruses	SAP Real-Time Security Audit Multiple Folder File
Blue Coat Proxy SG Multiple Server File	Google Cloud Platform	McAfee Web Gateway File_Security	SAP Security Audit File
Box	HPE OM i Web Services	Microsoft 365 Defender	sFlow Devices
CA SiteMinder Single Sign-On File	HPE OM Incident Web Service	Microsoft DHCP File	Snort Multiple File
CA Top Secret for z/OS File_tss_audit_track	HPE OpenVMS File	Microsoft DNS DGA Trace Log Multiple Server File	Squid Web Proxy Server File
CA Top Secret for z/OS File_tss_util_short	HPE UX Audit File	Microsoft DNS Trace Log Multiple Server File	Sun ONE Direct Server/Multi Server File
CEF Format	IBM BigFix REST API	Microsoft Exchange Message Tracking Log Multiple Server File	Sun ONE Web Access Multiple Server file
Check Point OPSEC NG	IBM eServer Audit Journal File_type5	Microsoft Exchange PowerShell	Symantec AntiVirus Corporate Edition File_8.x

Cisco IronPort Email Security Appliance File_Http	IBM eServer iSeries Audit Journal File_type1iSeries	Microsoft Forefront Threat Management Gateway File	Symantec AntiVirus Corporate Edition File_9.x
Cisco IronPort Email Security Appliance File_TextMail	IBM Lotus Domino Web Server File	Microsoft IIS File	Symantec AntiVirus Corporate Edition File_10.x
Cisco IronPort Web Security Appliance File	IBM NVAS for z/OS File	MicroSoft IIS Multiple Server File	TCPdump
Cisco Secure IPS SDEE	IBM NVAS Session for z/OS File	Microsoft IIS Multiple Site File	Tenable Nessus .nessus File
Cisco Sourcefire Defense Center eStreamer	IBM RACF for z/OS File	Microsoft Network Policy Server File	Tenable SecurityCenter XML File
Cisco Umbrella - DNS, Proxy, IP Logs	IBM SDSF for z/OS File	Microsoft Office 365 Management Activity	Tripwire IP360 File
CiscoUmbrella-DNSLogs	IBM System Log for z/OS File	NetApp Filer Event Log	Tripwire Manager File
CiscoUmbrella-DNSLogs_v3	IBM WebSphere File	NetApp ONTAP XML File	UNIX Login/Logout File
CiscoUmbrella-DNSLogs_v4	IDMEF XML File	NMap XML File	VMware Web Services
CiscoUmbrella-IPLogs	IP Flow (Netflow/J-Flow)	Okta	Windows
CiscoUmbrella-ProxyLogs	IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)	Oracle WebLogic Server File_Access	Zeek IDS NG File
CiscoUmbrella-ProxyLogs-v4	JBoss Security Audit File	Oracle WebLogic Server File_Server	
CloudFront Access CloudFront Real Time	Juniper Steel-Belted Radius File	OVAL XML File	

Syslog sources			
AirMagnet Enterprise Syslog	Cisco Meraki Syslog	Infoblox NIOS Syslog	Proofpoint Enterprise Protection and Enterprise Privacy Syslog
Apache HTTP Server Syslog	Cisco Mobility Services Engine Syslog	Ingrian DataSecure Syslog	Pulse Secure Pulse Connect Secure Syslog
Arbor Networks Peakflow Syslog	Cisco NX-OS Syslog	Intersect Alliance SNARE Syslog	Radware DefensePro Syslog
ArcSight CEF Cisco FireSIGHT Syslog	Cisco Secure ACS Syslog	ISC BIND Syslog	Raw Syslog Daemon
ArcSight CEF Encrypted Syslog (UDP)	Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Syslog	ISC DHCP Syslog	Sabernet NTSyslog

ArcSight Common Event Format Syslog	Citrix NetScaler Syslog	Juniper Firewall ScreenOS Syslog	Sendmail Syslog
Barracuda Email Security Gateway Syslog	Dell SonicWALL Syslog	Juniper IDP Series Syslog	Symantec Messaging Gateway Syslog
Barracuda Firewall NG F-Series Syslog	F5 BIG-IP Syslog	Juniper JUNOS Syslog	Syslog NG Daemon
Barracuda Web Appliance Firewall Syslog	Fortinet Fortigate Syslog	Juniper Network and Security Management Syslog	TippingPoint SMS Syslog
Blue Coat Proxy SG Syslog	HoneyD Syslog	Linux Audit Syslog	TippingPoint SMS Syslog Extended
BroadWeb NetKeeper IDP Syslog	HPE Aruba Mobility Controller Syslog	McAfee Email Gateway Syslog	Top Layer Attack Mitigator Syslog
Brocade BigIron Syslog	HPE c7000 Virtual Connect Module Syslog	McAfee Firewall Enterprise Syslog	Type80 SMA_RT Syslog
Check Point Syslog	HPE H3C Syslog	McAfee Network Security Manager Syslog	UNIX OS Syslog
Cisco ASA Syslog	HPE Integrated Lights-Out Syslog	McAfee Web Gateway Syslog	VarySys PacketAlarm IPS Syslog
Cisco Catalyst OS Syslog	HPE ProCurve Syslog	Microsoft IIS Syslog	VMware ESXi Server Syslog
Cisco IOS Syslog	HPE UX Syslog	NitroSecurity Syslog	Vormetric CoreGuard Syslog
Cisco IronPort Email Security Appliance Syslog	HP Printers Syslog	Nortel Contivity Switch (VPN) Syslog	
Cisco IronPort Web Security Appliance Syslog	IBM AIX Audit Syslog	Oracle Audit Syslog	
Cisco ISE Syslog	IBM Security Access Manager Syslog	Oracle Solaris Basic Security Module Syslog	



# Understanding Data Collection

The following diagram provides a high-level overview on the data collection flow. With the SmartConnector for Amazon S3, you can choose one of the two approaches below to collect events from an S3 bucket. To configure log retrieval, see [Configuring Log Retrieval](#).

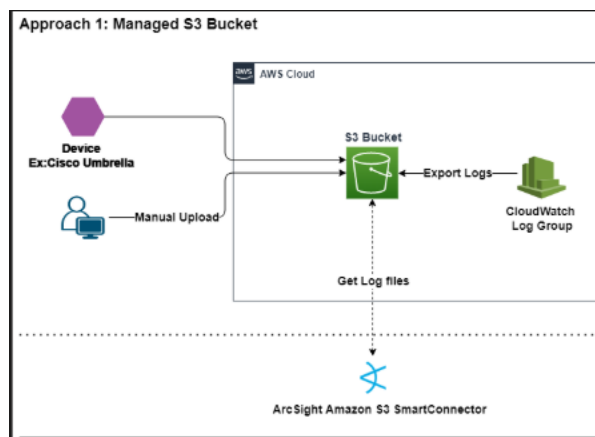
## S3 Approach - Poll Approach

This approach is recommended for Vendor Managed S3 Buckets.

In this approach, the connector directly enumerates an S3 bucket for the new files. This approach is recommended when logs are stored in the vendor's Amazon S3 bucket with limited access.

### Process Flow

1. A file is enumerated from a specified folder in S3.
2. The log files are collected from S3.
3. The log files are processed.
4. The connector will continue to collect only new and unprocessed files.



## SQS Approach - Notification Approach

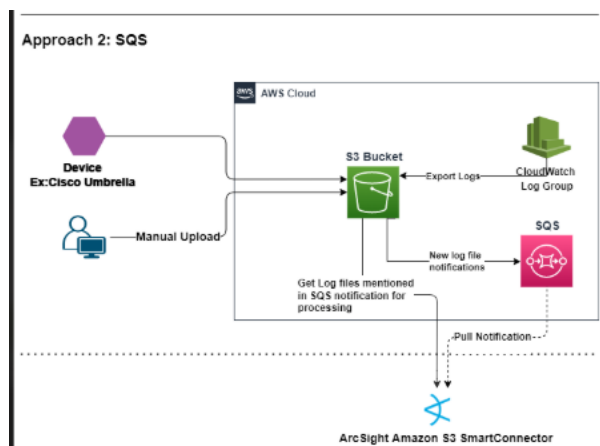
This approach is recommended for Customer Managed S3 Buckets and if you are using the ["Amazon Security Lake" on page 5](#) log source.

In this approach, the connector polls SQS for S3 notifications and collects log files from an S3 bucket. This approach is recommended when users have control over the AWS account with permissions to create SQS and configure S3 notifications to SQS.

### Process Flow

1. Amazon S3 is configured to send notifications from a new file to SQS.

2. The connector reads the SQS notifications.
3. Based on the SQS notifications, the log files are collected from the S3 bucket.
4. The log files are processed.
5. The SQS messages are deleted.



## Prerequisites

- [Setting up an AWS Account](#)
- (Optional) [Specifying AWS Credentials to Configure the Connector](#)
- (Optional) [Enabling Amazon Security Lake](#)

## Setting up an AWS Account

If you are using an EC2 role-based credentials, then use an IAM role with **AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess** and **AmazonSQSFullAccess** policies.

## Creating a Group

If you are using an access key/secret key as credentials, complete the following procedure

1. Create an Amazon Web Services account.
2. In the Welcome to Amazon Web Services window, click **Launch Management Console**.
3. Click **Amazon Web Services > Administration & Security > Identity & Access Management**.
4. On the left side of the console, go to **Dashboard** and select Groups.
5. Create a new group with permissions to access the logs stored in S3 through the API.
6. Click **Create New Group** and enter a **Group Name**, for example, arcsightgroup.

7. Click **Next** to attach two policies to the group.
8. Select the **AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess** and **AmazonSQSFullAccess** check boxes policies of the **arcsightgroup**, and then click **Next**.

The connector can now download logs.

9. Click **Create Group**.

## Creating and Adding a User to a Group

To create and add a user who can access the logs stored in S3 through the API to a group:

1. Go to the Amazon Web Services console.
2. On the left pane, go to **Dashboard**.
3. Select **Users** and click **Create New Users**.
4. Enter the user name, for example, arcsight2.
5. Select the **Generate an Access Key** check box for each user and click **Create**.
6. Click the **Download Credentials** and save the .csv file.

The downloaded Access Key ID and Secret Access Key will be used during installation of the connector.

7. Click **Close** and return to the **Dashboard**.
8. Under **Dashboard**, select **Groups** and click the arcsightgroup previously created.
9. Click **Add Users to Group**.
10. Select the check boxes next to the users previously created, and then click **Add Users**.

## Specifying AWS Credentials to Configure the Connector

The connector configuration window allows you to specify the AWS access key and AWS secret key. These parameters are optional and will be used if provided. Otherwise, the **Default Credential Provider Chain** is used that looks for credentials in the following order, as documented in Amazon documentation: [Class Default AWS Credentials Provider Chain](#).

1. In the environment variables: `AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID` and `AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY` (These recommended since they are recognized by all the AWS SDKs and CLI except for .NET), or `AWS_ACCESS_KEY` and `AWS_SECRET_KEY` (only recognized by Java SDK).
2. In the Java system properties: `aws.accessKeyId` and `aws.secretKey`.
3. In the **Web Identity Token Credentials**, from the environment or container.
4. In the default **Credential Profiles** file, the (`~/ .aws/credentials`) is shared by all AWS SDKs and the AWS CLI.

5. Credentials delivered through the Amazon EC2 container service if `AWS_CONTAINER_CREDENTIALS_RELATIVE_URI` environment variable is set and security manager has permission to access the variable.
6. In the instance **Profile Credentials**, through the Amazon EC2 metadata service.

### Specifying AWS Credentials to Configure the Connector

The connector configuration window allows you to specify the AWS access key and AWS secret key. These parameters are optional and will be used if provided. Otherwise, the Default Credential Provider Chain is used that looks for credentials in the following order, as documented by Amazon.

In the environment variables: `AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID` and `AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY`.

In the Java system properties: `aws.accessKeyId` and `aws.secretKey`.

In the default credential profiles file. The location of this file varies by platform.

In the instance profile credentials, which exist within the instance metadata associated with the IAM role for the EC2 instance.

## Configuring Log Retrieval

### S3 Approach - Poll Approach

This approach is highly recommended for users with vendor-managed S3 buckets, although users with customer-managed S3 buckets might also choose the S3 Approach.

You can also consider using this approach if the service provider (in this case, Cisco Umbrella), manages the AWS account and as a user you are not authorized to create AWS resources.

- **For vendor-managed S3 buckets:**
  - Note down the AWS credentials - access key and secret key, the S3 bucket name, the S3 folder name and the S3 region.
  - To enable logging of Cisco Umbrella logs to a Cisco-managed S3 Bucket, see, [Enable Logging to a Cisco-managed S3 Bucket](#).
- **If you manage the AWS account and the S3 bucket:**
  - Set up an AWS account and create an Identity and Access Management (IAM) user or role.
  - [Create an S3 bucket and configure it to receive logs](#).



**Note:** S3 buckets can either be encrypted or non-encrypted.

## SQS Approach - Notification Approach

This approach is recommended for Customer Managed S3 Buckets and if you are using the ["Amazon Security Lake" on page 5](#) log source.

1. Set up an AWS account and create an Identity and Access Management (IAM) user or role.
2. [Create an S3 bucket and configure it to receive logs.](#)
3. [Create an SQS queue and configure S3 to send events to SQS on new object creation.](#)

## Creating and Configuring an S3 Bucket to Receive Logs

To create an Amazon S3 bucket:

1. Log in to the AWS Management Console and open the **Amazon S3** console.
2. Click **Create bucket**.
3. In the **Create bucket** dialog box, enter the **Bucket Name** of your S3 bucket, for example, arcsights3.
4. Accept or edit the default value settings in the other fields.
5. Click **Create**.

Your new S3 bucket is now listed under the S3 bucket names.

The configuration to receive DNS, IP, or Proxy Logs might change based on the device.

For Cisco Umbrella, see [Enable Logging to Your Own S3 Bucket](#).

## Configuring an S3 to Send Events to SQS on a New Object

### Creating an SQS Queue for the Connector to Poll

To create a new SQS queue:

1. Log in to the **AWS Management** Console and open the **Amazon SQS** console.
2. Click **Create New Queue**.
3. In the **Create New Queue** dialog box, enter the **Bucket Name** of your S3 bucket, for example, arcsightQueue.
4. Accept or edit the default value settings of the other fields.
5. Click **Create Queue**.

Your new queue is now listed under the queue names.

6. Select the Queue created.
  - a. Click **Permissions**.
  - b. Click **Add permission**.
  - c. From **Select Effect**, click **Allow**.
  - d. Enter Principal.
  - e. Select Actions: Delete Message, Receive Message, and Send Message.
  - f. Click **Add Permission**.

## Configuring S3 to Send Events to SQS

To configure S3 to send events to SQS on a new object, see [Amazon Documentation](#).

1. Log in to the **AWS Management** Console and open the **Amazon S3** console.
2. Select the S3 bucket created to receive logs.
3. Click **Properties** and select **Events**.
4. In the Events dialog, add a notification:
  - a. Enter the notification Name
  - b. Click **Events > All objects create events**.

This option is triggered when the events are sent to SQS, for example, all object create events on a specific prefix.
  - c. Enter a **prefix** (the folder name to receive device logs).
  - d. Select **Send to as SQS Queue**.
  - e. Select the **SQS queue** created above.

## Installing the SmartConnector

The following sections provide instructions for installing and configuring your selected SmartConnector.

### Preparing to Install Connector

Before you install any SmartConnectors, make sure that the OpenText ArcSight products with which the connectors will communicate have already been installed correctly (such as ArcSight ESM or ArcSight Logger).

For complete product information, refer to the *Administrator's Guide to ArcSight Platform* guide, available on [ArcSight Documentation](#).

If you are adding a connector to the ArcSight Management Center, see the *ArcSight Management Center Administrator's Guide* for instructions, and start the installation procedure from [step 3](#).

Before installing the SmartConnector, ensure that you have the following:

- Local access to the machine where the SmartConnector is to be installed
- Administrator passwords

## Installing and Configuring the SmartConnector by Using the Wizard

The installation steps described in this section are specific to the Amazon S3 Connector. For detailed installation steps or for manual installation steps, see the [Installation Guide for ArcSight SmartConnectors](#).

To install and configure the Amazon S3 Connector:

1. Start the installation wizard.
2. Follow the instructions in the wizard to install the core software.
3. Specify the relevant [Global Parameters](#), when prompted.
4. From the **Type** drop-down list, select **Amazon S3** as the type of connector, then click **Next**.
5. Enter the following SmartConnector parameters, then click **Next**.

Connector Setup

opentext™  
ArcSight

Configure

Enter the parameter details

Log Type: AWS CloudTrail

Proxy Host:

Proxy Port:

Proxy User Name:

Proxy Password:

AWS Access Key:

AWS Secret Key:

Polling Approach: SQS

AWS S3 Bucket Name:

AWS S3 Folder Name:

AWS S3 Region: us-east-1

AWS SQS Region: us-east-1


AWS SQS URL:

CloudWatch Exported Logs: false

< Previous   Next >   Cancel

Parameter	Description
Log Type	<p>Select the required log source from drop-down menu. The default value is <b>AWS CloudTrail</b>.</p> <p>One connector instance can support one log source. To support multiple log sources, install multiple instances of the Amazon S3 connector and provide specific configurations. With parser updates, the connector can support extended events of the log sources or a completely new log source. For more information, see <a href="#">"Adding Parser Files" on page 21</a>.</p>
Proxy Host	<p>If proxy is enabled for your machine, the IP address or host name of the proxy server for HTTPS connection.</p> <p>Specify this value only if proxy needs access to internet.</p>
Proxy Port	<p>If proxy is enabled for your machine, the port number of the proxy server for HTTPS connection.</p> <p>Specify this value only if proxy needs access to internet.</p>



Parameter	Description
Proxy User Name	If proxy is enabled for your machine, the user name for the proxy server. This value is optional for additional proxy authentication. If you enter the proxy user name, you must provide the proxy password. Specify this value only if proxy needs access to internet.
Proxy Password	If proxy is enabled for your machine, the password for the proxy server user. Specify this value only if proxy needs access to internet.
AWS Access Key	Enter the AWS access key. This is optional and will be used if provided. If not, the Default Credential Provider Chain will be used. For more information, see <a href="#">Specifying AWS Credentials to Configure the Connector</a> .
AWS Secret Key	Enter the AWS secret key. This is optional and will be used if provided. If not, the Default Credential Provider Chain will be used. For more information, see <a href="#">Specifying AWS Credentials to Configure the Connector</a> .
Polling Approach	<p><b>For S3:</b> provide the S3 bucket name, S3 folder name and S3 region details.</p> <p><b>For SQS:</b> provide SQS URL, SQS region and S3 region.</p> <div>  <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended to choose the <b>SQS</b> polling approach, if the Log Type is selected as <b>Amazon Security Lake</b>.</p> </div>
AWS S3 Bucket Name	Enter the name of the AWS S3 bucket that will be sending logs out.
AWS S3 Folder Name	Enter the folder name in which the logs appear. For example: AWS S3 > bucket-name > folder-name.
AWS S3 Region	Select the S3 region code.
AWS SQS Region	Select the SQS region code.
AWS SQS URL	The SQS URL from where the AWS S3 notifications are received.
CloudWatch Exported Logs	Select <b>true</b> if the logs are exported from CloudWatch to Amazon S3.

6. Select a [destination and configure parameters](#).
7. Specify a name for the connector.
8. Select whether you want to [run the connector as a service or in the standalone mode](#).
9. Complete the installation.
10. [Run the SmartConnector](#).

For instructions about upgrading the connector or modifying parameters, see [SmartConnector Installation and User Guide](#).



When using Windows authentication, after completing the connector installation, if running on a Windows Server, change the service account to use the Windows account that should log in to the database. The connector will use the account used to start the service, regardless of the account value setting entered in the connector setup process.

## Advanced Parameters

Parameter	Default Value	Description
agents[0].awss3maxreceivedcount	100	The maximum number of Amazon S3 objects to be listed per request. This is applicable only for the SQS based approach.
agents[0].awssdktimeoutinmiliseconds	30000	The total time in seconds the AWS SDK will wait for a request to complete.
agents[0].awssqsmaxreceivedcount	10	The maximum number of SQS messages to be received. This is applicable only for the SQS based approach.

agents[0].awssqsvisibilitytimeoutsec	600	The period of time in seconds during which Amazon SQS prevents other consumers from receiving and processing the SQS messages.
agents[0].awsthreadcount	1	The number of threads used to download log files from the Amazon S3 bucket in parallel.
agents[0].pollingfrequencyinsec	10	The time interval in seconds for polling the new logs.

## Additional Parameters

Parameter	Default Value	Description
amazons3.allowed.eventName	ObjectCreated:Put,ObjectCreated:Copy	<p>The eventNames of an SQS record, which are by default allowed by the connector. This is applicable only for the SQS based approach.</p> <p>To modify this parameter, specify a list of comma-separated eventNames from SQS records. For example: <code>amazons3.allowed.eventName:ObjectCreated:Put,ObjectCreated:Copy,ObjectCreated:Put,ObjectCreated:Put,ObjectCreated:Put,ObjectCreated:Post, etc.</code></p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you want to change the default value, then you must manually add this parameter to the <b>agent.properties</b> file.</p>

## Performance Tuning

By default, the connector application maximum heap size is set to 1024 MB. If users with higher system configurations, expect higher EPS, update the changes below to improve the performance.

1. Stop the connector.
2. Increase heap size to perform more in memory operations.
  - a. To increase the memory size for stand-alone connectors from the command line, change the following line in
 

```
$ARCSIGHT_HOME\current\bin\scripts\connectors.bat (Windows)
```

```
$ARCSIGHT_HOME/current/bin/scripts/connectors.sh (Linux)
```

```
ARCSIGHT_MEMORY_OPTIONS=" -Xms1024m -Xmx1024m "
```

 to
 

```
ARCSIGHT_MEMORY_OPTIONS=" -Xms4096m -Xmx4096m "
```
  - b. To increase the memory size for connectors being run as a service, change the following lines in `user/agent/agent.wrapper.conf` from:
 

```
wrapper.java.initmemory=1024 wrapper.java.maxmemory=1024
```

 to
 

```
wrapper.java.initmemory=4096 wrapper.java.maxmemory=4096
```
  - c. To increase the memory size for connectors managed by the Connector Appliance/ArcSight Management Center, increase the heap size by using a container level command.
3. Increase the `awsthreadcount` in the `<Install path>\current\user\agent\agent.properties` file.
 

```
Existing: awsthreadcount=1
```

```
New: awsthreadcount=5
```
4. Start the connector.

## Adding Parser Files

The connector can support other log sources available in an Amazon S3 bucket. One connector instance can support one log source. Therefore, the default log source configurations will be overridden with the following changes.

With limited support, relying on Cisco Umbrella, and plenty of event source formats, you can build and integrate parsers.

### To add new parser files:

1. Create a file in the following location:  
`<installFolder>\current\user\agent\fcg\awss3`
2. Specify the file name as `awss3_parser_configuration.properties`.
3. Add the following properties to the file:

```
#Start
parser.type.count=1
parser.type[0].devicetype=CiscoUmbrella-DNSLogs
parser.type[0].parserfolder=awss3
parser.type[0].parserfile=ciscoumbrella.dnslogs
parser.type[0].parserclasstype=0
parser.type[0].description=Cisco Umbrella DNS Logs
parser.type[0].filetype=csv
#End
```

### Properties and description:

Property Name	Description
<code>parser.type.count</code>	This is a mandatory field. Set this value to <b>1</b> .
<code>parser.type[0].devicetype</code>	This is a mandatory field. This property describes a log format. It appears as a new selection in the Connector Installation wizard drop-down list. For example, Cisco DNS Logs.

Property Name	Description																
parser.type [0].parserfolder	<p>This is a mandatory field.</p> <p>Specify the path in which the new parser files are available.</p> <p>Set this value to the relative path from the fcp folder: &lt;installFolder&gt;\current\user\agent\fc\.</p> <p>For example: If you are copying the new parser file into: &lt;installFolder&gt;\current\user\agent\fc\awss3, set the value as parser.type[1].parserfolder=awss3</p>																
parser.type [0].parserfile	<p>This is a mandatory field.</p> <p>Set the parser file name without the file name extension. For example: ciscoumbrella.dnslogs. If there are sub-parser files, refer only to a parent parser file name.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the log format is CEF, then leave this field blank.</p>																
parser.type [0].parserclassification	<p>This is a mandatory field.</p> <p>Select one of the following appropriate values for the desired input log format:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Values</th><th>Log Formats</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>CSV or any common separator</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Needs regular expression to process</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Has syntax as key and value</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>XML</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>XQuery</td></tr> <tr> <td>6</td><td>CEF</td></tr> <tr> <td>7</td><td>JSON</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Values	Log Formats	0	CSV or any common separator	1	Needs regular expression to process	2	Has syntax as key and value	3	XML	4	XQuery	6	CEF	7	JSON
Values	Log Formats																
0	CSV or any common separator																
1	Needs regular expression to process																
2	Has syntax as key and value																
3	XML																
4	XQuery																
6	CEF																
7	JSON																
parser.type [0].description	<p>This is an optional field.</p> <p>This property also describes a log format. However, it is not visible in the Connector Installation wizard or other user interfaces.</p>																
parser.type [0].filetype	<p>This is an optional field.</p> <p>Set the file extension without using a period (.) preceding the file name extension. For example: txt, csv, or json.</p> <p>This file is for future use.</p>																

## Device Event Mapping to ArcSight Fields

The following section lists the mappings of ArcSight data fields to the device's specific event definitions. See the ArcSight Console User's Guide for more information about the ArcSight data fields.

For information about Supported Log Sources for Amazon S3, see ["Configuration Guide for Amazon S3 SmartConnector" on page 4](#).

## Additional DNS Logs Version 3 Mappings to ArcSight Fields

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
File Type	Identity Types
Old File Type	Policy Identity Type

## Additional DNS Logs Version 4 Mappings to ArcSight Fields

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Device Custom String 4	Blocked Categories
Device Custom String 4 Label	Blocked Categories
File Type	Identity Types
Old File Type	Policy Identity Type

## Additional Proxy Logs Version 4 Mappings to ArcSight Fields

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Device Custom String 4	BlockedCategories
Device Custom String 4 Label	Blocked Categories

## Cisco Umbrella DNS Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Device Action	Action
Device Custom String 1	QueryType
Device Custom String 2	Policy Identity
Device Custom String 3	Identities
Device Custom String 5	Categories

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Device Custom String 6	ResponseCode
Destination Dns Domain	Domain
Device Event Class Id	ResponseCode: Action
Device Product	Umbrella
Device Severity	ResponseCode
Device Vendor	Cisco
Name	ResponseCode: Action
Source Address	Internallp
Source Translated Address	Externallp
Start Time	DateTime

## Cisco Umbrella Proxy Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Device Custom String 2	AVDetections
Device Custom String 2 Label	AV Detections
Device Custom String 3	Identities
Device Custom String 3 Label	Identities
Bytes In	ResponseSize
Bytes Out	RequestSize
Destination Address	DestinationIP
Device Action	Verdict
Device Custom Number 1	AMPScore
Device Custom Number 1 Label	AMP Score
Device Custom String 1	IdentityType
Device Custom String 1 Label	Identity Type
Device Custom String 5	Categories
Device Custom String 5 Label	Categories
Device Custom String 6	PUA
Device Custom String 6 Label	PUA
Device Event Category	Proxy Logs



ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Device Event Class Id	Proxy: Verdict
Device Product	Umbrella
Device Vendor	Cisco
Event Outcome	StatusCode
File Hash	SHA-SHA256
File Name	AMP Malware Name: AMPMalwareName
File Size	ResponseBodySize
File Type	ContentType
Name	Proxy: Verdict
Old File Type	AMP Disposition: AMPDisposition
Request Client Application	UserAgent
Request Context	Referer
Request Url	URL
Source Address	InternalIp
Source Translated Address	ExternalIp
Start Time	DateTime

## Cisco Umbrella IP Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Destination Address	DestinationIP
Destination Port	DestinationPort
Device Custom String 3	Identity
Device Custom String 5	Categories
Device Event Category	"IP Logs"
Device Event Class Id	"IP Logs"
Device Product	"Umbrella"
Device Receipt Time	DateTime
Device Vendor	"Cisco"
Name	"IP Logs"

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Source Address	SourceIP
Source Port	SourcePort
Start Time	DateTime

## CloudFront Access Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Application Protocol	cs-protocol
Device Custom Number 2	sc-range-start
File Size	sc-content-len
Bytes In	sc-bytes
Bytes Out	safeToInteger(cs-bytes)
Destination Dns Domain	cs(Host)
Device Action	x-edge-result-type
Device Custom Floating Point 1	time-to-first-byte
Device Custom Floating Point 2	time-taken
Device Custom Number 1	fle-encrypted-fields
Device Custom Number 3	sc-range-end
Device Custom String 1	ssl-protocol
Device Custom String 3	x-edge-response-result-type
Device Custom String 4	cs-protocol-version
Device Custom String 5	fle-status
Device Dns Domain	x-host-header
Device Event Class Id	cs-method:sc-status
Device Facility	x-edge-location
Device Product	CloudFront
Device Vendor	Amazon
End Time Ng	date,time,time-taken
Event Outcome	sc-status
External Id	x-edge-request-id
File Hash	ssl-cipher

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
File Path	cs-uri-stem
File Type	sc-content-type
Name	CloudFront Access
Reason	x-edge-detailed-result-type
Request Client Application	cs(User-Agent)
Request Context	cs(Referer)
Request Cookies	cs(Cookie)
Request Method	cs-method
Request Url Query	cs-uri-query
Source Address	__oneOfAddress(c-ip,X-Forwarded-For)
Source Port	c-port
Start Time Concatenate	date,time

## CloudFront Real-time Logs Mappings to ArcSight Fields

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Application Protocol	cs-protocol
Bytes In	sc-bytes
Destination Dns Domain	cs-host
Device Action	x-edge-result-type
Device Custom Floating Point 1	time-to-first-byte
Device Custom Floating Point 2	time-taken
Device Custom Floating Point 3	cs-headers-count
Device Custom Number 1	fle-encrypted-fields
Device Custom Number 2	sc-range-start
Device Custom Number 3	sc-range-end
Device Custom String	3 x-edge-response-result-type
Device Custom String 1	ssl-protocol
Device Custom String 4	cs-protocol-version
Device Custom String 5	fle-status
Device Custom String 6	cs-headers

ArcSight Field	Vendor Field
Device Dns Domain	x-host-header
Device Facility	x-edge-location
Device Product	CloudFront
Device Receipt Time	timestamp
Device Vendor	Amazon
Event Outcome	sc-status
External Id	x-edge-request-id
File Hash	ssl-cipher
File Id	c-ip-version
File Path	cs-uri-stem
File Size	sc-content-len
File Type	sc-content-type
Name	CloudFront Real Time
Old File Hash	cs-accept-encoding
Old File Path	cache-behavior-path-pattern
Reason	x-edge-detailed-result-type
Request Client Application	cs-user-agent
Request Context	cs-referer
Request Cookies	cs-cookie
Request Method	cs-method
Request Url Query	cs-uri-query
Source Address	x-forwarded-for
Source Address	c-ip
Source Port	c-port

## Amazon Security Lake Mappings

### OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events

ArcSight ESM Field	Vendor Field
Agent Severity	Medium = Medium; Low = 1,Informational,Other
Device Custom Number 1	class_uid
Device Custom Number 1 Label	Class user Id
Device Custom Number 2	category_uid
Device Custom Number 2 Label	Category user Id
Device Event Category	category_name
Device Product	product_name
Device Severity	Severity or severity_id
Device Vendor	vendor_name

### System Activity OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events

ArcSight ESM Field	Vendor Field
Destination Nt Domain	actor_user_domain or process_user_domain
Destination User Id	actor_user_session_uid or process_user_session_uid
Device Custom String 4	cmd_line
Device Custom String 4 Label	Process command line
Device Host Name	device_name
Device Process Id	process_pid
Message	message
Name	type_name
Old File Id	type_uid
Source Process Id	actor_process_pid
Source Process Name	activity_name
Source User Id	actor_user_uid
Source User Name	actor_user_name or process_user_name

## Findings OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events

ArcSight ESM Field	Vendor Field
Additional data Datasource	data_sources
Additional data Status	state
Device Action	status status_id
Device Custom Date 1	first_seen_time
Device Custom Date 1 Label	First Observed At
Device Custom Date 2	last_seen_time
Device Custom Date 2 Label	Last Observed At
Device Custom Number 2	count
Device Custom Number 2 Label	Offence event and Flow count
Device Custom Number 3	confidence
Device Custom Number 3 Label	Confidence
Device Custom String 2	class_name
Device Custom String 2 Label	Class Name
Device Custom String 3	types
Device Custom String 3 Label	Types
Device Custom String 4	cmd_line
Device Custom String 4	finding_remediation_desc
Device Custom String 4 Label	Process command line
Device Custom String 4 Label	Remediation description
Device Dns Domain	cloud_region
Device Event Class Id	impact_id
Device Facility	metadata_product_uid
Device Process Id	process_pid
Device Process Id	process_pid
Device Process Name	metadata_product_feature_uid
Device Severity	Severity or risk_level_id
Device Version	metadata_product_version
End Time	modified_time or process_terminated_time

ArcSight ESM Field	Vendor Field
Event Outcome	compliance_status
File Path	path
Message	message or desc
Name	finding_title or analytic_name or type_name
Name	type_name
Old File Id	type_uid
Old File Id	type_uid
Reason	compliance_status_detail
Source Process Id	process_parent_process_pid
Source Process Name	activity_name
Source Process Name	process_name or activity_name
Source User Id	cloud_account_uid or finding_uid
Start Time	original_time or process_created_time

## Audit and Cloud Activity OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events

ArcSight ESM Field	Vendor Field
Additional data Destination User Uid	user_uid when Class_name is Account Change
Additional data Source User Uid	actor_user_uid when Class_name is not Account Change
Additional data User Name	user_name when Class_name is Account Change
Additional data User Uuid	user_uuid when Class_name is Account Change
Destination Nt Domain	actor_user_domain
Destination Process Name	logon_process_name
Destination Service Name	dst_endpoint_svc_name
Destination User Id	actor_user_session_uid
Destination User Name	user_name when Class_name is Account Change
Device Action	type_name

ArcSight ESM Field	Vendor Field
Device Custom String 2	class_name
Device Custom String 2 Label	Class Name
Device Custom String 3	mfa
Device Custom String 3 Label	MFA Authenticated
Device Dns Domain	cloud_region
Device Event Class Id	operation status
Device Host Name	dst_endpoint_hostname
Device Nt Domain	user_domain
Device Receipt Time	time
Device Version	metadata_product_version or metadata_version
Event Outcome	status status_id or error
External Id	metadata_uid
File Path	User Uuid actor_user_uuid
File Permission	credential_uid
File Type	actor_user_type or logon_type_id
Name	type_name
Old File Id	type_uid
Reason	Error or status_detail
Request Client Application	user_agent
Source Address	src_endpoint_ip or src_endpoint_domain
Source Host Name	src_endpoint_name
Source Port	src_endpoint_port
Source Process Id	actor_process_pid
Source Process Name	activity_name
Source User Id	actor_user_account_uid
Source User Name	actor_user_name when Class_name is not Account Change
Start Time	created_time
Transport Protocol	auth_protocol



## Network Activity OCSF Mappings to ArcSight ESM Events

ArcSight ESM Field	Vendor Field
Bytes In	bytes
Destination Address	dst_endpoint_ip,dst_endpoint_domain,dst_endpoint_intermediate_ips
Destination Port	dst_endpoint_port
Destination Process Id	interface_uid
Destination Service Name	dst_endpoint_svc_name
Device Action	disposition
Device Custom Number 2	packets
Device Custom Number 2 Label	Traffic Packets count
Device Custom String 2	class_name
Device Custom String 2 Label	Class Name
Device Custom String 3	query_type
Device Custom String 3 Label	Query type
Device Custom String 4	tcp_flags
Device Custom String 4 Label	TCP Flags
Device Dns Domain	cloud_region
Device External Id	instance_uid
Device Inbound Interface	zone
Device Receipt Time	time
Device Version	metadata_product_version
End Time	end_time
File Path	Boundary, boundary_id
File Type	dst_endpoint_vpc_uid
Name	type_name
Old File Id	type_uid
Old File Type	src_endpoint_vpc_uid
Reason	rcode
Source Address	src_endpoint_ip,src_endpoint_domain,src_endpoint_intermediate_ips
Source Host Name	query_hostname

ArcSight ESM Field	Vendor Field
Source Port	src_endpoint_port
Source Process Id	src_endpoint_interface_uid
Source Process Name	activity_name
sourceServiceName	src_endpoint_svc_name
Start Time	start_time or time
Transport Protocol	protocol_name

# Troubleshooting

## 1. Certificate Issue while Integrating Connector with Third-party Application.

Because of SNI, the following certificate exception might be displayed while configuring the connector with third-party application:

```
Error[1]: RemoteException: cause[javax.net.ssl.SSLHandshakeException: PKIX
path building failed:
sun.security.provider.certpath.SunCertPathBuilderException: unable to find
valid certification path to requested target
```

To fix this issue, see [Certificate Issue while Integrating Connector with Third-party Application](#).

## 2. Agent is configured but not generating event.

- a. Check for errors in <Install path>\current\logs\agent.log.
- b. If any errors related to AWS permissions are found, refer to ["Configuring Log Retrieval" on page 12](#)

## 3. When using the SQS approach, the configuration may be completed without any errors displayed on the configuration window, even if the IAM user does not have the required permissions. Post-configuration, the IAM user will not be able to process any events.

In this case, the installer does not control and/or validate the S3 bucket details. Check for errors in <Install path>\current\logs\agent.log.

If any errors related to AWS permissions are found, see ["Configuring Log Retrieval" on page 12](#)

## 4. When noticing frequent AWS API calls, checking for new S3 files or SQS Messages:

- a. If a specific interval was defined to receive new files, set the time interval in connector configuration.  
 <Install path>\current\user\agent\agent.properties
- b. Replace `pollingfrequencyinsec=10` for `pollingfrequencyinsec=<Defined new file arrival interval in seconds>`

## 5. When using the S3 approach, how to re-process the log files?

- a. Stop running agent.
- b. Clear the <Install path>\current\user\agent\agentdata folder to discard the intermediate state.
- c. Restart agent.

## 6. When a file is deleted or the connector is restarted, SQS notifications can get into flight mode.

- a. S3 must be configured to send events to SQS on new object creation.  
The connector will delete SQS only if the message is successfully processed.
7. Agent setup displays the following message: "Enter valid AWS Credentials and parameters to retrieve AWS logs."
  - a. Ensure you are using valid AWS credentials with valid permissions. For more information, see ["Configuring Log Retrieval" on page 12](#) ["Prerequisites" on page 10](#)
  - b. If using the SQS approach, make sure these values are correct:
    - AWS SQS URL
    - AWS SQS Region
    - AWS S3 region
  - c. If using the S3 approach, make sure these values are correct:
    - AWS S3 bucket name
    - AWS S3 folder name
    - AWS S3 region
8. Adding missing regions to Amazon S3 Connector.
  - a. Install the connector.



**Note:** Ignore the error messages that are displayed during the installation process.

- b. Modify the `agent.properties` file manually to add the required region. For example, if you are using Middle East (UAE) `me-central-1` as the region, modify the `agents[0].awssqsregion` property in the `agent.properties` file from `agents[0].awssqsregion=us-east-1` to `agents[0].awssqsregion=me-central-1`

# Send Documentation Feedback

If you have comments about this document, you can [contact the documentation team](#) by email. If an email client is configured on this computer, click the link above and an email window opens with the following information in the subject line:

**Feedback on Configuration Guide for Amazon S3 SmartConnector (SmartConnectors CE 24.1)**

Just add your feedback to the email and click send.

If no email client is available, copy the information above to a new message in a web mail client, and send your feedback to [MFI-Documentation-Feedback@opentext.com](mailto:MFI-Documentation-Feedback@opentext.com).

We appreciate your feedback!