

Open Enterprise Server 2015 SP1 Linux Tips for NetWare® Administrators

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About This Guide

We will expand the information in this guide as we receive new input and tips. However, it will never become a substitute for the formal, intensive training that is required to become an efficient and successful Linux administrator.

- Chapter 1, "What's New," on page 7
- Chapter 2, "NetWare/Linux Command Map," on page 9
- Chapter 3, "Other Tips," on page 51

Audience

This guide is designed to help network administrators understand some of the similarities and differences between NetWare and Linux, and to begin working with OES.

Feedback

We want to hear your comments and suggestions about this manual and the other documentation included with OES 2015 SP1. Please use the User Comments feature at the bottom of each page of the online documentation.

Documentation Updates

For the latest version of this guide, refer to the OES 2015 Documentation Web site.

1 What's New

This guide has been updated for the OES 2015 SP1 product release.

NetWare/Linux Command Map

NetWare administrators who are deploying OES are interested in finding Linux counterparts for their favorite NetWare commands.

Table 2-1 lists mappings between many of the common NetWare commands and their Linux counterparts with the following limitations:

- Neither the list of NetWare commands nor the list of Linux counterparts is comprehensive. If you require more detailed information, you might consider purchasing a command reference from an industry publisher.
- NetWare and Linux are completely different operating systems. Some NetWare commands don't have a Linux counterpart. Where counterparts don't exist, we have attempted to provide explanations to help you. Ultimately, however, this section is only a tool to help you get started. It is not a substitute for the hands-on Linux training that all Linux administrators need.
- The NetWare and Linux commands listed are only available when the NLM (NetWare) or RPM (Linux) associated with the command is installed on the server where the command is attempted. For some listed commands, the associated NLM programs and RPMs are not installed by default.

For some NetWare commands, the Linux alternative is provided by functionality in either iManager or Novell Remote Manager (NRM). For information on Novell management utilities, see "OES Utilities and Tools" in the OES 2015 SP1: Planning and Implementation Guide.

A substantial number of alternatives are also provided through YaST (Yet another Setup Tool). They are available in both GUI and text versions, and are accessed at a Linux command prompt by entering yast. For more information on YaST, see "Manual Deployment (http://www.suse.com/documentation/sles11/book_sle_deployment/data/part_mandeploy.html)" in the SLES 11 Deployment Guide (http://www.suse.com/documentation/sles11/book_sle_deployment/data/pre_sle.html).

Table 2-1 references man pages extensively. To access a man page, enter man command at the Linux command prompt, where command is the Linux counterpart. After reading about the command, type Shift+Q to return to the command prompt. Or alternatively, if you have the KDE desktop loaded, you can view formatted man pages in the Konqueror browser. In the location bar, enter man: / to view a list of categories, or enter man: / command to view the man page for a specific command.

Table 2-1 NetWare/Linux Command Map

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
#	Specify a line as a comment (used in NCF files).	#	Comments preceded by a pound sign (#) are not displayed as the shell script runs, but those preceded by an exclamation mark (!) are echoed.
			For information about shell script files, see "NCF vs. Shell Script Files" on page 51.
;	Specify a line as a comment (used in NCF files).	# !	Comments preceded by a pound sign (#) are not displayed as the script runs, but those preceded by an exclamation mark (!) are echoed.
			For information about script files, see "NCF vs. Shell Script Files" on page 51.
ABORT REMIRROR	1 0 0	_	This functionality is available through the nsscon utility on OES.
			The nsscon utility is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Console" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
ACTIVATEMODU LE	Load or start modules that are preloaded by the startup.ncf file or	chkconfig	By itself, chkconfig lists all the processes available to be loaded at startup and their current state.
	modules that were loaded using the load -s command.		Including the name of a service (for example, chkconfig apache2) displays the current state: "on" means that the service starts with the system, "off" means the service doesn't start with the system, and "unknown service" means that the service is not installed.
			For configuration options, see the chkconfig man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
ADD NAME		yast	Access YaST > Network Services
SPACE			CIFS (Samba) and other protocols are supported by specific RPMs. For more information, see the <i>OES 2015</i> <i>SP1 Beta: Novell Samba</i> <i>Administration Guide</i>
			NFS support is native to Linux volumes.
			If you create an NSS volume on Linux, the name space defaults to Long. This improves performance, especially if you plan to store millions of files on the volume. For more information, see "Configuring the Name Space for an NSS Volume" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
			For help with YaST, enter ${\tt yast}$ -h at the command prompt.
ADD SECONDARY IPADDRESS	Add a secondary IP address.	ip addr add	For more information, see the ip man page.
ALERT	Manage NetWare alerts.	_	KDE System Guard includes a Messages sensor you can add to the Worksheet. However, this requires that the KDE GUI is installed and running on the server, which consumes system resources.
ALIAS	Define an alias.	alias	For more information, see the alias man page.
APPLET or	JavaAppletViewer	appletviewe	For more information, see the
APPLETVIEWER	Usage: appletviewer options include: -debug , -encoding, and -J (runtime flag)	r	appletviewer man page.
	The -J option is non- standard and subject to change without notice.		
ARP	Display and modify the ARP table.	arp	For more information, see the arp man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
BASH	Use a BASH shell, including a variety of useful system utilities, on NetWare.	/bin/bash	The Bourne Again Shell is the default command line interface on most Linux systems.
BIND	Link a communication protocol to a network board and its LAN driver.	ethtool mii-tool ip	'For more information, see the man page associated with each command.
BINDERY	Add or remove a bindery context to or from the list of all bindery contexts for this server.	_	The NetWare Bindery was obsolete in NDS/eDirectory starting with NetWare 4 and is not available on OES.
BROADCAST	Send messages to NCP users by username or connection number.	ncpcon send	The send command only sends messages to connections (stations), not to usernames.
			Also keep in mind that send functionality applies to NCP connections only. Users attached through Samba/CIFS or some other protocol do not receive messages unless they also have an NCP (Novell Client) connection.
CDDVD	Allow a CD or DVD disk to function as a Novell Storage Services (NSS) volume.	_	Support for CDs and DVDs is loaded automatically on Linux, and disks are often automatically mounted under / media when inserted. Removable media cannot be accessed as NSS volumes on OES.
CHARSET	Change the code page currently used by the NetWare server.	yast	Similar functionality is available in YaST > System > Language and System > Keyboard Layout options.
			For help with YaST, enter yast $-h$ at the command prompt.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
CLEAR STATION	Clear a workstation connection to a NetWare server.	ncpcon connection list	You can clear NCP (Novell Client) connections using the ncpcon connection clear command.
		ncpcon connection clear station ncpcon connection station	The ncpcon utility is installed with the NCP Server RPMs and is documented in "NCP Server Console (NCPCON) Utility" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
		Station	Novell Remote Manager for Linux also provides this. For more information, see "Using Novell Remote Manager to Clear NCP Connections" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
			NOTE: For standard Linux (non-NCP) connections, there is no single command to do this.
			You must discover how users are connected to the server and then stop the processes associated with those connections.
			For example, use the ps command with the U option to list processes for the user, and then use kill to stop the root process for the user.
			You can view how a user is connected on Linux using the finger command.
			For more information, see the man pages for the commands mentioned above.
CLS	Clear the console screen and move the console prompt to the top of the screen.	clear Ctrl+l	For more information, see the clear man page.
CLUSTER	Manage clusters.	_	Similar commands are provided for functionality that is currently supported on OES.
			For details, see "Console Commands for Novell Cluster Services" in the OES 2015 SP1: Novell Cluster Services for Linux Administration Guide.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
COMPFIX	Repair compressed volumes.	compfix	For more information, see the compfix man page.
CONFIG	View the system information in the following rows.	sitar siga	Although not functionally the same as CONFIG, both sitar and siga produce very detailed system reports in multiple formats, including HTML and text.
			For more information, see the siga and sitar man pages.
			For the NCP server, you can use ncpcon config to display the NCP server configuration information.
			Linux server information is also available through specific Linux commands. For example, the env command displays all current environment variables and their values.
			There is also a GPL utility named supportconfig that collects system troubleshooting information. For more information, visit the Cool Solutions Web site (http://www.novell.com/coolsolutions/tools/16106.html).
	 NetWare server name 	hostname cat /etc/	For more information, see the man pages associated with the hostname and cat commands.
		nostname	The server name also appears at the command prompt by default.
	 Internal network number (server ID) 	_	This is an IPX convention. IPX is a legacy NetWare protocol that will not be ported to Linux. However, it is available on a NetWare virtual machine running on an OES host server.
	Server up time	uptime	For more information, see the uptime man page.
	Loaded LAN drivers	lsmod ip	lsmod lists modules loaded in memory, but not the module versions.
			ip shows the network card configuration.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
	 Driver version numbers 	modinfo dmesg /var/log/ boot.msg	For more information, see the man pages associated with each command.
	Hardware settings	lsmod ip	lsmod lists modules loaded in memory, but not the version.
			ip shows the network card configuration.
	 Node (station) addresses 	ip	For more information, see the ip man page.
	 External network number of the cabling scheme 	_	This is an IPX convention. IPX is a legacy NetWare protocol that will not be ported to Linux. However, it is available on a NetWare virtual machine running on an OES host server.
	Board name	yast	This information is available in YaST > Hardware > Hardware Information.
			For help with YaST, enter yast -hat the command prompt.
	◆ Frame type	_	This is an IPX convention. IPX is a legacy NetWare protocol that will not be ported to Linux. However, it is available on a NetWare virtual machine running on an OES host server.
	 Networking protocol for each network board 	_	This is an IPX convention. IPX is a legacy NetWare protocol that will not be ported to Linux. However, it is available on a NetWare virtual machine running on an OES host server.
	 Server's eDirectory tree and bindery 	ndsstat rcndsd	For more information, see the ndsstat man page.
	context	status	To view more rendsd options, enter rendsd -help at the command prompt.
CONLOG	Capture and log console messages.	cat /var/ log/ messages	Ctrl+F10 shows the console log in real time.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
CONSOLESAVE	Save the System Console	_	Closely related commands are:
	screen buffer to the default file console[n].txt in the		script: makes a typescript of the terminal session.
	default path, or to the path specified with the		tee: reads from standard input and writes to standard output
	loggerpath command.		screen: a screen manager with VT100/ANSI terminal emulation.
			For more information, see the respective man pages.
CPUCHECK	Display processor information.	cat /proc/ cpuinfo	For more information, see the cat and cpuinfo man pages.
CSET	View or set SET parameters by category.	_	See "SET" on page 42.
CX	View or change the eDirectory context.	_	Use iManager to view the tree.
DELETE SECONDARY IPADDRESS	Delete a secondary IP address.	ip addr del	For more information, see the ip man page.
DHCPSRVR	Manage the Novell DHCP server.	dhcpd	For more information, see "Administering and Managing DHCP" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell DNS/DHCP Services for Linux Administration Guide.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
DISABLE LOGIN	Prevent users from logging in.	ncpcon disable login	You can disable login for NCP file service access using the nepcon disable login command.
			The ncpcon utility is installed with the NCP Server RPMs and is documented in "NCP Server Console (NCPCON) Utility" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
			IMPORTANT: You can't disable the general login function for externally defined (eDirectory) users. For local users, this is commonly done by changing the login shell indicated in / etc/passwd to /bin/false.
			Some Linux administrators habitually switch to single-user mode (init 1) to accomplish this. This causes eDirectory and other OES services to shut down, which is probably not desirable in most cases, and is certainly not equivalent to DISABLE LOGIN on NetWare, which allows services to continue to run even though logging in is disabled.
DISABLE TTS	NetWare Transaction	_	TTS is not available for NSS volumes on OES.
	Tracking System™ (TTS™). Primarily used only by application developers for testing purposes.		Journaled Linux file systems, such as Ext3, are capable of providing similar functionality. For example, the Journal mode of Ext3 journaling provides a service similar to TTS. For a brief summary of which file systems support journaling, see "Converting an Ext2 File System into Ext3" in the SLES 11 SP4: Storage Administration Guide.
			For more information, search the Web for the file systems you are using.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
DISMOUNT	Make a volume unavailable to users.	ncpcon	For NCP volumes, use ncpcon.
		umount	The ncpcon utility is installed with the NCP Server RPMs and is documented in "NCP Server Console (NCPCON) Utility " in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
			umount lets you unmount Linux volume mount points.
			You can also use the nlvm volume unmount <i>volumename</i> command to deactivate and dismount an NSS volume.
DISPLAY DEVICE STATS	Display I/O statistics for individual devices.	iostat	For more information, see the iostat man page.
			Novell Remote Manager for Linux also provides I/O memory and port information from the Manage Hardware page.
DISPLAY ENVIRONMENT	Display current search paths and current values of settable server parameters.	env echo \$PATH	For more information, see the env and echo man pages.
DISPLAY INTERRUPTS	Display hardware interrupt information.	yast	Hardware information for each component is available in YaST > Hardware > Hardware Information.
			For help with YaST, enter yast $-h$ at the command prompt.
DISPLAY IPX NETWORKS	Display IPX network information.	_	IPX is a legacy NetWare protocol that will not be ported to OES. However, it is available on a NetWare virtual machine running on an OES host server.
DISPLAY IPX SERVERS	Display IPX server information.	_	IPX is a legacy NetWare protocol that will not be ported to OES. However, it is available on a NetWare virtual machine running on an OES host server.
DISPLAY MODIFIED ENVIRONMENT	Display all non-default server parameter settings.	_	Similar functionality is not available on OES.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
DISPLAY MM STATS	Display Media Manager statistics.	-	There are no MM commands for managing multipath I/O and snapshots on OES.
			Multipath I/O for NSS is not supported on OES. For information about multipath I/O for Linux POSIX file systems on SLES 11, see "Managing Multipath I/O for Devices" in the SLES 11 SP2: Storage Administration Guide.
			NSS Snapshots on OES are managed through iManager, NSSMU, or NLVM.
			You can use NLVM commands to create, delete, and list NSS snapshots as follows:
			nlvm create snap
			nlvm delete snap
			nlvm list snap snap_name
			nlvm list snaps
DISPLAY PARTITION	Display the label of the specified partition.	fdisk -l	For more information, see the fdisk man page.
LABEL			You can use the NSSMU or the Storage plug-in to view details about a partition, including its label.
			You can also use these NLVM commands:
			nlvm list partition partition_name
			nlvm list partitions
DISPLAY PROCESSORS	Display the status of available server	cat /proc/ cpuinfo	For more information, see the cat man page.
	processors.		You can also see information about processors in Novell Remote Manager. See "Viewing Processors" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
DISPLAY SECONDARY IPADDRESS	Display the secondary IP addresses.	ip addr show	For more information, see the ip man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
DISPLAY SLP	Display SLP information.	slptool	For example, slptool findsrvs smb.
			For more information, enter slptool -help at the command prompt.
DOWN	Execute an orderly shutdown.	init 0 init 6	init 0 halts the system, init 6 reboots the server.
		shutdown now	For more information, see the respective man pages.
DSDIAG	Document eDirectory; check tree health; diagnose problems.	_	This functionality is provided through IMONITOR.
DSLOG	Manage eDirectory error logs.	_	Use the n4u.server.log-levels and n4u.server.log-file parameters in the /etc/opt/novell/ eDirectory/conf/nds.conf configuration file.
DSMERGE	Merge and rename eDirectory trees; display time synchronization information for all servers in a tree.	ndsmerge	For more information, see the
			ndsmerge man page. See also IMONITOR.
DSREPAIR	database of a NetIQ	ndsrepair	For more information, see the ndsrepair man page.
	eDirectory tree.		See also IMONITOR.
DTRACE	A menu-driven trace utility for U.S. Robotics ISDN Allegra adapters.	_	This is not DSTRACE.
ECHO	Enable (ECHO ON) or disable (ECHO OFF) the displaying of commands executed from an NCF file.	_	In shell script files, the echo command causes the comment that follows it to be displayed, as does preceding the comment with an exclamation mark (!).
			Comments preceded by a pound sign (#) are not displayed as the script runs.
			For information about script files, see "NCF vs. Shell Script Files" on page 51.
EDIRUTIL	Access all of the eDirectory back-end utilities remotely as well as on the server.	edirutil	For more information, enter edirutil -h.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
EDIT	Create or modify a text file on a boot, DOS, USB, or NetWare partition.	vi vim	For help, enter vi -h, or man vim.
ENABLE LOGIN	Reenable the login function after using DISABLE LOGIN. Enable the supervisor account (bindery only) when the account has been locked by the intruder detection function.	ncpcon enable login	See "DISABLE LOGIN" on page 17 for additional important information.
ENABLE TTS	Manually enable the NetWare Transaction Tracking System (TTS).	_	TTS is not available for NSS volumes on OES.
	This is primarily used only by application developers for testing purposes.		Journaled Linux file systems, such as Ext3, are capable of providing similar functionality. For example, the Journal mode of Ext3 journaling provides a content-level transaction tracking service that journals both data and metadata similar to TTS.
			For a brief summary on journaling for the Linux file systems, see "Converting an Ext2 File System into Ext3" in the SLES 11 SP4: Storage Administration Guide.
			For more information, search the Web for the file systems you are using.
			If you also need to control access to data with trustees, you can create NCP volumes on the Linux file systems. For information, see "Managing NCP Volumes" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
ENV	Display or set C Library environment variables.	env	For more information, enter info env at the command prompt, or see the env man page.
ENVSET	Display or set Java environment variables.	_	You can use the export command to set environment variables. For more information, see the export man page.
EXTCHECK	Check a jar file for title and version conflicts with any installed extensions.	extcheck	For more information, see the extcheck man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
FILE SERVER NAME	Set the file server name in autoexec.ncf.	_	Autoexec.ncf is a NetWare file, so this command has no direct counterpart.
			However, hostname lets you set the system's host name. For more information, see the hostname man page.
FILER (In DOS from a Novell Client)	Manage files and directories in the file system.	-	Filer is a legacy DOS-based tool. There are numerous shell commands for managing (copying, deleting, moving, etc.) files.
FIXNAMES	Verify that files in the specified path on an NSS	_	This command has not been ported to Linux for NSS.
	volume have legal names for the current code page.		For Linux traditional file systems, you can use the convmv utility to convert filenames from one language code to another. For more information, see the convmv man page.
FLAG	View or modify file and	chmod (Linux	You can also use iManager for this.
(In DOS from a Novell Client)	directory attributes, owner, etc.	only) attrib (NSS only) nssmu (NSS only)	Understanding and working with Linux file attributes and ownership mechanisms requires training beyond the scope of this guide. For an introduction, see Access Control Lists in Linux (http://www.suse.com/ documentation/sles11/ book_security/data/cha_acls.html) in the SLES 11: Security Guide (http://www.suse.com/documentation/ sles11/book_security/data/ book_security.html).
FORMAT	Format a local FAT volume.	makefs	For NSS volumes, you can use NSSMU, the iManager Storage plugin, or the nlvm create pool and nlvm create volume commands.
			For Linux POSIX volumes, you can use the Linux Volumes option in NSSMU, or the nlvm create linux volume option. You can also use the YaST Partitioner.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
HEALTH	View the status of a server's overall health as determined through iManager.	_	Use Novell Remote Manager > Diagnose > Health Monitor to monitor the status of an OES server.
	The ALL option displays the health of individual components.		
HELP	View descriptions and syntax for commands.	man command	For more information on using man pages, see the man man page.
HIDESCREEN	Hide a screen for a utility that is running at the server console.	_	You can redirect output from the utility to null. However, this is not recommended.
HTTPBIND	Set an IP address, port, etc. for HTTPSTK to open.	_	In Novell Remote Manager, click the Config icon, then edit the httpstkd config file.
HTTPCLOSEPOR T	Close a port on all IP addresses bound to HTTPSTK.	_	In Novell Remote Manager, click the Config icon, then edit the httpstkd config file.
HTTPOPENPORT	Open a port on all IP addresses bound to HTTPSTK and optionally enable SSL on the port.	_	In Novell Remote Manager, click the Config icon, then edit the httpstkd config file.
HTTPUNBIND	Remove an IP address:port that HTTPSTK has open. If no port is specified, all ports are closed.	-	In Novell Remote Manager, click the Config icon, then edit the httpstkd config file.
ICAPTURE (In DOS on a Novell Client)	Capture LPT ports and redirect the output to iPrint printers.	_	This command applies to legacy NetWare printing, which is no longer supported.
rvoven enemy			iPrint is the OES printing solution.
ICE	Import/Export LDIF files; migrate LDAP data; compare and update schemas; use a template to load information into eDirectory.	ice	For more information, see the ice man page.
IDLJ	Generate Java bindings from an IDL file.	idlj	For more information, see the idlj man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
IFCONFIG	Configure network interface parameters.	ip ethtool mii-tool	The ip command performs some configuration of network cards, but the changes are not permanent.
		yast	Instead, use ethtool for modifications on the fly, or mii-tool for older cards. Or use YaST to configure network cards permanently.
IMONITOR	Monitor eDirectory and the servers it contains	_	In a Web browser go to http:// server_name:8008.
	using a Web browser.		iMonitor is also accessible through iManager > Roles and Tasks icon > eDirectory Maintenance > Repair via iMonitor
INETCFG	Set up and customize your internetworking configuration for IPX, IP, and AppleTalk.	yast ethtool mii-tool	For more information, see the respective man pages.
INITIALIZE	Enable the multiprotocol router configuration (execute the system netinfo.cfg file).	rcnetwork start yast	For help, enter ronetwork -h.
SYSTEM			Routing is configured through YaST.
			For help with YaST, enter yast -h at the command prompt.
INVENTORY	Generate a volume inventory for use by NRM.	_	In Novell Remote Manager, click Volume Inventory and select the volume name.
IPCRM	Remove System V IPC semaphore or shared memory.	ipc_rmid	For more information, see the ipc man page.
IPCS	View allocated System V semaphores and shared memory segments.	ipc_stat	For more information, see the ipc man page.
IPRNTCMD (DOS	Install, remove, or set a	_	This is a DOS printing command.
workstation)	printer as the default printer.		iPrint is the OES printing solution.
IPTRACE	Display the route that IP packets take across the network.	traceroute	For more information, see the traceroute man page.
IPX INTERNAL NET	View the server's internal IPX network address.	_	IPX is a legacy NetWare protocol and will not be ported to OES. However, it is available on a NetWare virtual machine running on an OES host server.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
IPXCON, IPXPING, IPXS	Manage IPX.	_	IPX is a legacy NetWare protocol and will not be ported to OES. However, it is available on a NetWare virtual machine running on an OES host server.
JAVA	Start the Novell JVM for NetWare product	java	For more information, see the java man page.
JAR	Manage Java archives.	jar	For more information, see the jar man page.
JARSIGNER	Sign and verify jar files.	jarsigner	For more information, see the jarsigner man page.
JAVA	Start the Novell JVM for NetWare product.	java	For more information, see the java man page.
JAVAC	Compile Java source code into Java bytecodes.	javac	For more information, see the javac man page.
JAVADOC	Generate API documentation from Java source code.	javadoc	For more information, see the javadoc man page.
JAVAH	Produce C header files and C source files from a Java class.	javah	For more information, see the javah man page.
JAVAP	Disassemble a Java class file.	javap	For more information, see the javap man page.
JDB	Debug Java.	jdb	For more information, see the jdb man page.
KEYB	Change the console keyboard type.	yast	You can change keyboard and language settings in YaST.
			For help with YaST, enter yast -h at the command prompt.
KEYTOOL	Manage keys and certificates for Java.	keytool	For more information, see the keytool man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
KF8	Enable or disables pausing between commands executed from NCF files.	_	There is no simple command or switch to enable pausing in script file execution.
			To enable manual confirmation of steps in the boot process, edit /etc/sysconfig/boot and change the PROMPT_FOR_CONFIRM parameter to "yes".
			For information about script files, see "NCF vs. Shell Script Files" on page 51.
LANGUAGE	Set the language for subsequently loaded	yast	All language settings are managed using YaST.
	modules.		For help with YaST, enter yast $-h$ at the command prompt.
LFVMOUNT	Mount all local FAT volumes not recognized by DOS and assign them a local drive letter.	mount	Parameters specified with the mount command determine the file systems mounted and attributes associated with the file systems.
			Drive letters are not used on Linux.
			For more information, see the mount man page.
LFVOLUMES	List the local FAT volumes currently mounted.	mount	Used alone, the mount command shows the currently mounted volumes.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
LIST DEVICES	List the storage devices on the server and register new devices with the server's Media Manager database.	cat /dev/ device ls /dev yast	Linux has many devices, each of which contains information you can view by "walking the /proc file system."
			Understanding Linux devices and the information displayed requires training beyond of the scope of this guide. For more information, see the SLES 11 Documentation on the Web (http://www.suse.com/documentation/sles11/book_security/data/book_security.html).
			To display the currently mounted file systems, enter the mount command with no arguments.
			You can display partitions in YaST > System > Partitioner, but be careful to exit without making changes.
			For help with YaST, enter yast $-h$ at the command prompt.
			You can also use NSSMU and the Storage plug-in to iManager to view a list of devices. You can initialize devices and mark them as shareable, not shareable.
			And you can use the following NLVM commands:
			nlvm list device device_name nlvm list devices
			nlvm init device device_name
			nlvm share device_name
LIST FAILOVER	List the multipath devices and their paths.	_	NSS multipath I/O is not supported on OES.
DEVICES			For information about multipath I/O on SLES 11, see "Managing Multipath I/O for Devices" in the SLES 11 SP4: Storage Administration Guide.
LIST PARTITIONS	List the partitions on all mounted storage devices.	fdisk -l	For more information, see the fdisk man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
LIST STORAGE ADAPTERS	List the registered storage adapters.	hwinfo storage- ctrl	The same comments apply as for LIST DEVICES above.
LIST STORAGE DEVICE BINDINGS	List all Custom Device Modules (CDMs) bound to a particular device.	_	CDM drivers are unique to the NetWare architecture.
LOAD	Link NetWare loadable modules to the operating system.	_	Load and run commands are not used on Linux. Generally, to execute files, you simply enter the filename or path/filename.
			Most services are run from the / etc/init.d directory.
			OES services have start, stop, and restart options. For example, to restart eDirectory, enter /etc/init.d/ndsd restart at the command prompt.
LOGGERCLEAR	Clear the logger screen.	_	The log path is hard-coded in Linux.to /var/log/messages.
			However, some service configuration files include configuration settings that let you change the log path.
LOGGERPATH	Change the directory where the logger.txt	logger.txt d.	The log path is hardcoded in Linux.to /var/log/messages.
	file is saved.		However, some service configuration files include configuration settings that let you change the log path.
LOGGERSAVE	Save the logger screen buffer to the logger.txt file.	_	Everything gets written to /var/ log/messages, unless a specific service configuration file dictates otherwise.
LOGIN	Access the network by	_	Login on Linux is a different concept
(DOS workstation)	logging in to a server and running a login script.		than on NetWare. You log in to a shell session with the server, which is analagous to accessing the console prompt on a NetWare server.
LOGOUT (DOS workstation)	Exit the network or log out of servers.	_	The same comments apply as for LOGIN above.
MAGAZINE	Respond to the screen prompts Insert Magazine and Remove Magazine.	_	There is no directly corresponding utility

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
MAP (DOS workstation)	View drive mappings; Create or change network or search drive mappings; Map a drive to a fake root directory (for applications that must use a root directory)	_	The mount command used alone shows both local and remote mount points—the connections between file systems (either local or remote) and a directory on the server. You access the file system (local or remote) by accessing the local directory.
			Drive letters are not used on Linux. However, if you install the NCP server, Novell Clients can then map drives to NCP volumes on OES servers.
MEDIA	Respond to the screen prompts Insert Media and Remove Media.	_	On Linux, all media connections, including remote connections and removable media, are handled through the mount command.
MEMORY	Display the total amount of installed memory that the operating system can address.	free cat /proc/ meminfo	There's no memory command per se on Linux. However, the top command gives a good start on what's installed, available, being used by buffers, etc.
			If you want to see a GUI display, you must be running the KDE graphical interface and use KDE System Guard.
MEMORY MAP	Display the amount of memory (in bytes) allocated to DOS and to the server.	top	You can also view memory information in Novell Remote Manager (NRM). To access NRM in your Web browser, go to http://server_name:8008 > Manage Linux > View Memory Information.
			There is, of course, no memory allocated to DOS when Linux is running, even if there's a separate DOS partition on the hard drive.
MIRROR STATUS	View the status of mirrored disk partitions. View the percentage of mirrored data on each partition.	_	This functionality is available through the nsscon utility on OES.
			The nsscon utility is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Console" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
MM	Manage storage media.	_	See the explanation for DISPLAY MM STATS.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
MODULES	List the currently loaded NLM programs.	ps -eaf	The ps command displays currently running processes and ps -eaf is roughly equivalent to MODULES on NetWare. For more information, see the ps man page or enter ps -?.
			Use Ismod to view kernel modules.
MONITOR	View server statistics and activity under two categories: General Information Options, and Available Options, as listed below.	_	Most of the information you traditionally get through MONITOR is available in Novell Remote Manager (NRM). To access NRM, browse to http://server_name:8008 in your Web browser.
			For NCP server, you can display a number of statistics using ncpcon, including Server up time, Packets in, Packets dumped, etc. For more information, see "NCPCON" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
	General Information Options in Monitor:		
	 Operating system version and date 	_	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	• Server name: server_name in	ndsstat	For more information, see the ndsstat man page.
	Directory tree tree_name		Also see the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	• Utilization	top	For more information, see the top man page.
			See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	• Server Up Time	uptime top	For more information, see the uptime and top man pages.
			Also see the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	Online Processors	_	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
	 Original Cache Buffers 	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
			You can also enter cat /proc/mem/meminfo at the command prompt to get some of this information.
	Total Cache Buffers	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	Dirty Cache Buffers	_	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	 Long Term Cache Hits 	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	 Current Disk Requests 	_	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	 Packet Receive Buffers 	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	 Directory Cache Buffers 	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	 Maximum Service Processes 	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	 Current Service Processes 	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
			The information is presented differently on Linux, but it is there.
	 Current Connections 	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	• Open Files	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	Available Options in Monitor:		

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
	◆ Connections	_	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	◆ Storage Devices	_	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
			You can see local, but not unallocated file systems.
	◆ Volumes	ncpcon df -h	The ncpcon utility is installed with the NCP Server RPMs and is documented in "NCPCON" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
			To view mounted volumes, use nsscon, ncpcon, or mount, depending on the volume types you are monitoring.
			To view the utilization of Linux partitions, enter $df - h$ at the command prompt.
	◆ LAN/WAN Drivers	lsmod	For more information, see the lsmod man page.
	◆ Loaded Modules	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	 File Open/Lock Activity 	-	For NCP volumes only, see the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	 Disk Cache Utilization 	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	System Resources	_	A NetWare concept that is not applicable to OES.
	◆ Virtual Memory	vmstat	For more information, see the vmstat man page.
	◆ Kernel	-	See the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
	• Server Parameters	_	Linux doesn't have server parameters.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
MOUNT	Make a volume available to users.	mount (for traditional Linux volumes) nsscon (use the mount option for NSS volumes) nssmu (for the first mount of encrypted NSS volumes after a reboot)	For NSS volumes, in nssmu, select volumes, then press F7. For encrypted NSS volumes, the nssmu utility is required for mounting the encrypted volume on the first mount following a system reboot, because you must enter the encryption password to activate the volume. Thereafter, you can use the mount command in nsscon. The nsscon utility is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Console" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux. The nssmu utility is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Management Utility (NSSMU) Quick Reference" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux. You can also use the nlvm volume mount volumename command to activate and mount an NSS volume. You can provide a password in the command line to mount an encrypted NSS volume.
NAME	Display the server name.	hostname	For more information, see the hostname man page.
			Also, the server name appears at the command prompt by default.
NAMED	Manage Novell DNS services.	novell- named	For more information, see "Administering and Managing a DNS Server" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell DNS/DHCP Services for Linux Administration Guide.
			IMPORTANT: The SLES 11 base includes named, but this is not integrated with eDirectory.
NATIVE2ASCII	Convert text to Unicode Latin-1 for use by Java.	native2asci i	For more information, see the native2ascii man page.
NCMCON	Control and monitor PCI Hot Plug.	-	Hot Plug monitoring is available for only some hardware. Messages are commonly logged in /var/log/messages.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
NCOPY	Specify your intention for copying a compressed file to a compressed volume or a non-compressed volume.	_	This functionality for NSS on Linux is provided through the Novell Client, installed on either a client or the OES server.
	volume.		There is no equivalent for Linux POSIX file systems.
NCS DEBUG	Save a record of all NCS port activity in an ASCII text file named ncstrace.log in the sys:system directory.	_	See "Console Commands for Novell Cluster Services" in the OES 2015 SP1: Novell Cluster Services for Linux Administration Guide.
NDIR	View file attributes and compression information for all files in a directory.	ls	For more information, see the ls man page.
NETSTAT	Monitor the network status.	netstat	For more information, see the netstat man page.
NSLOOKUP	Diagnose DNS setup problems or DNS problems in an application.	dig	The nslookup command has been deprecated on Linux.
NSS	Manage NSS at the command line.	nsscon	The nsscon utility is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Console" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
NSSMU	Manage NSS storage media on a server.	nssmu	The nssmu utility is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Management Utility (NSSMU) Quick Reference" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
NSWEB	Start and stop the NetWare Web Manager and NetWare Enterprise Web Server.	-	NetWare Web Manager is not available on Linux.
NVXADM	Start and stop the NetWare Web Manager.	_	NetWare Web Manager is not available on Linux.
NVXWEB	Start and stop the NetWare Web Manager.	_	NetWare Web Manager is not available on Linux.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
NWBOOT	Change NetWare boot options to use DOS or boot directly to NetWare.	_	For information on SLES 11 booting, see "Booting and Configuring a Linux System (http://www.suse.com/documentation/sles11/book_sle_admin/data/cha_boot.html)" in the SLE 11 Administration Guide (http://www.suse.com/documentation/sles11/book_sle_admin/data/book_sle_admin_pre.html).
NWCONFIG	Manage the server and install additional products.	yast	YaST is the tool for installing OES and OES services. Many configuration parameters are similar to NetWare.
			For help with YaST, enter yast $-h$ at the command prompt.
NWPING	Ping a remote host from a NetWare server.	ping	For more information, see the ping man page.
NWTRACE	Print the route that packets take to the network host.	traceroute	For more information, see the traceroute man page.
NWTRAP	Manage SNMP traps on NetWare.	net-snmp net-snmp- utils	For more information, see the respective man pages.
OFF	Clear the console screen.	clear Ctrl+l	For more information, see the clear man page.
ORBD	Enable clients to transparently locate and invoke persistent objects on servers in the CORBA environment.	orbd	For more information, see the orbd man page.
PAUSE	Cause NCF file execution to wait for a key to be pressed.	_	There is no simple command or switch to enable pausing in shell script file execution.
			To enable manual confirmation of steps in the server boot process, edit /etc/sysconfig/boot and change the PROMPT_FOR_CONFIRM parameter to yes.
			For information about script files, see "NCF vs. Shell Script Files" on page 51.
POLICYTOOL	Create a manage policy files for Java.	policytool	For more information, see the policytool man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
PING	Send an Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) echo request packet to an IP node on your internetwork.	ping	For more information, see the ping man page.
PPPCON	View Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) interface configuration and statistical information.	yast	Point-to-Point interfaces are configured in YaST > Network Devices. For help with YaST, enter yast -hat
			the command prompt.
PPPTRACE	Debug PPP data link problems.	_	This is a NetWare utility that is not ported to Linux.
PROTECT	Load NLM programs into a protected address space.	_	Protected address space is a NetWare concept.
PROTECTION	List the protected address spaces, or add/remove/ restart functionality from an existing address space.	_	Protected address space is a NetWare concept.
PROTOCOL	View the protocols registered.	ip	For more information, see the ip man page.
PROTOCOL REGISTER	Register additional protocols and frame types.	ip	For more information, see the ip man page.
PSERVER	Monitor and manage printers and print queues (legacy).	-	This is for managing legacy NetWare printing.
			iPrint is the OES printing solution.
PURGEVOLUME	Purge all deleted files from an NSS volume.	ncpcon purge volume nss_volume_ name	This functionality is available through the ncpcon utility for NSS volumes that have had the Salvage attribute enabled prevoiusly.
			The ncpcon utility is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NCP Server Console (NCPCON) Utility" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
			Salvage and Purge are NSS file system features.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
PVER	View the version of OES- NetWare installed on the server.	cat /etc/ novell- release cat /etc/ SUSE- release	Use SuSE SAM (suse-sam package). The oes-SPident and SPident commands are not authoritative because they can't accommodate a variety of additional configurations that are beyond the scope of SL# support.
RAID STATUS	View the status of the software RAID 0 RAID 1 and RAID 5 devices.	_	The nssmu utility is used to manage software RAIDs for NSS volumes and is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs. It is documented in "NSS Management Utility (NSSMU) Quick Reference" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
RCONAG6	Allow remote console access to the server.	_	Novell Remote Manager has a secure console.
			You can also use SSH (or VNC for GUI access).
			Telnet is not secure and therefore not recommended.
RCONPRXY	Allow RConsoleJ to access target servers.	_	Novell Remote Manager has a secure console.
			You can also use SSH (or VNC for GUI access).
			Telnet is not secure and therefore not recommended.
RCONSOLEJ	Remotely control a NetWare server.	_	Novell Remote Manager has a secure console.
			You can also use SSH (or VNC for GUI access).
			Telnet is not secure and therefore not recommended.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
REBUILD	Recover corrupted Novell Storage Services (NSS) pools.	ravsui ravview fsck	The ravsui and ravview utilities are installed as part of Novell Storage Services NSS.
			Use ravsui to rebuild or verify an NSS pool on Linux that is in a maintenance state.
			Use ravview to dump specified NSS rebuild or verify files to a human-readable file format.
			For help with ravsui and ravview, use the $-h$ option. For more information about fsck, see the fsck man page.
RECORD	Record command sequences that you enter at the console over and over.	_	Similar functionality is available through shell scripting, a topic that is beyond the scope of this guide but is treated extensively in industry publications.
			Also, bash includes a History Expansion capability that some find useful. For more information, see the "History Expansion" section of the bash man page.
REGISTER MEMORY	Configure the operating system to recognize installed memory above the amount of memory that is automatically registered.	_	This is NetWare functionality that doesn't apply to Linux.
REINITIALIZE SYSTEM	Enable configuration changes made since the commands in the netinfo.cfg file were executed.	rcnetwork restart	For help, enter ronetwork -h at the command prompt.
REM	Specify a line as a comment (used in NCF files).	# !	Comments preceded by a pound sign (#) are not displayed as the script runs, but those preceded by an exclamation mark (!) are echoed.
			For information about script files, see "NCF vs. Shell Script Files" on page 51.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
REMIRROR PARTITION	Start the remirroring of a logical NSS partition.	_	This functionality is available through the nsscon utility on OES.
			The nsscon utility is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Console" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
REMOVE NETWORK ADAPTER	Unload one LAN driver when the LAN driver has been loaded multiple times to support multiple boards.	_	On Linux it is common for drivers to support multiple instances of hardware. Loading is done only once and removal should not be necessary.
REMOVE NETWORK INTERFACE	Unload one frame type when there are multiple frame types loaded with one LAN driver.	ip	For more information, see the ip man page.
REMOVE STORAGE ADAPTER	Remove one instance of a storage driver.	_	Although rmmod module_name does unload a kernel module, this is not recommended.
			On Linux it is common for drivers to support multiple instances of hardware. Loading is done only once and removal should not be necessary.
REMOVEMODULE	Remove modules that are preloaded by the startup.ncf file or modules that were loaded using the load -s command.	chkconfig	For more information, see the chkconfig man page.
REPLACE	Unload and reload a specific module in one step.	_	Performing an equivalent action on Linux can prevent the system from running. Not recommended.
REPLAY	Execute a list of commands that were recorded in and saved in a session using the RECORD command.	_	This is related to the comment for the RECORD utility. Using your chosen shell script methods, run the script you have created.
RESET ENVIRONMENT	Reset server parameters that have been modified to their default values.	_	This is NetWare functionality that is available for selected services in YaST but not at the command prompt.
RESET NETWORK ADAPTER	Reset a network adapter manually.	ifdown ifup	For more information, see the respective man pages.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
RESET NETWORK INTERFACE	Restart a logical board that has been shut down using the SHUTDOWN NETWORK INTERFACE command.	ifdown ifup	For more information, see the respective man pages.
RESET ROUTER	Reset the router table in the server if the table becomes inaccurate or corrupted.	rcnetwork restart yast	For help with renetwork, enter renetwork -h at the command prompt.
	corrupted.		For help with YaST, enter ${\tt yast}\ -h$ at the command prompt.
RESET SERVER	Bring down the server and then restart it immediately.	init 6 shutdown -r now	For more information, see the respective man pages.
RESTART SERVER	Bring down the server and then restart it immediately.	init 6 shutdown -r now	For more information, see the respective man pages.
RIGHTS	View or modify user or group rights for files,		The rights command works only on NSS file systems.
	directories, and volumes.		However, you can use the ncpcon rights command for NCP volumes on Linux file systems. For information, see "Managing File System Trustees and Trustee Rights for NCP Volumes" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
RMIC	Generate stub and skeleton class files (JRMP protocol) and stub and tie class files (IIOP protocol) for Java.	rmic	For more information, see the rmic man page.
RMID	Start the activation system daemon for Java.	rmid	For more information, see the rmid man page.
RMIREGISTRY	Create and start a remote object registry on the specified port on the current host.	rmiregistry	For more information, see the rmiregistry man page.
ROUTE	Pass frames (packets) from NetWare through IBM-compatible source route bridges.	route	For more information, see the route man page.
ROUTECON	Manipulate the routing tables manually.	route	For more information, see the route man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
SCAN ALL	Scan all LUNs of all SCSI adapters in the server or all LUNs associated with a	rescan- scsi- bus.sh	See "Scanning for Devices" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
	designated SCSI adapter.		You can also use the nlvm rescan command.
			For information about installing and using the iSCSI initiator and target sofware on Linux, see "Mass Storage over IP Networks: iSCSI" in the SLES 11 SP4: Storage Administration Guide.
SCAN FOR NEW DEVICES	Scan on LUNO of SCSI adapters and to register new devices with the	rescan- scsi- bus.sh	See "Scanning for Devices" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
	Media Manager so that they are available to the operating system.		You can also use the ${\tt nlvm}\ {\tt rescan}$ command.
			For information about installing and using the iSCSI initiator and target sofware on Linux, see "Mass Storage over IP Networks: iSCSI" in the SLES 11 SP4: Storage Administration Guide.
SCRSAVER	Lock the server console and activate a screen saver for the console display.	_	There are no screen savers associated with shell sessions on Linux. You should simply use the exit command to close any shell sessions you do not want to have open.
SEARCH	Specify search paths for NLM and .ncf files; add/delete search paths; view current search paths.	export	Modify the PATH and export it. For more information, see the export man page.
SECURE CONSOLE	Prevent NLM programs from being loaded from any directory other than the boot directories; prevent keyboard entry into the operating system debugger; prevent the server date and time from being changed	_	The concept of securing the console through a command doesn't exist in Linux.
			You should always limit physical and remote access to the Linux console and never leave a root session open.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
SEND	Send messages to NCP users by username or connection number.	ncpcon send	For NCP connections, the send command only sends messages to connections (stations), not to usernames.
			Also keep in mind that users attached through Samba/CIFS or some other protocol do not receive messages unless they also have an NCP connection.
			For more information about sending messages using ncpcon, see "Sending Messages to Logged-In Users" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
			For more information about sending messages using Novell Remote Manager, see "Sending Messages to Logged-In Users" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
SERIALVER	Get the serialVersionUID for one or more classes in a form suitable for copying into an evolving class.	serialver	For more information, see the serialver man page.
SERVER	Start and run NetWare on the server.	_	This is roughly equivalent to the running the Linux kernel. There is no direct equivalent.
			OES boots using the GRUB boot manager. There is no direct connection between Linux and a bootable DOS partition (if present)
SERVERTOOL	Register, unregister, start up, and shut down a persistent server.	servertool	For more information, see the servertool man page.
SET	View and configure operating system	_	There is no direct equivalent of the concept of SET parameters in Linux.
	parameters.		You can set environment variables using the export command. For more information, see the export man page.
			To make configurations persistent, you must edit the configuration file associated with the service.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
SET TIME	Set the date and time on the server.	_	eDirectory requires a synchronized date and time on all OES servers in the same tree.
			For more information, see "Time Services" in the OES 2015 SP1: Planning and Implementation Guide.
SET TIME ZONE	Set the time zone on the server.	-	eDirectory requires a synchronized date and time on all OES servers in the same tree.
			For more information, see "Time Services" in the OES 2015 SP1: Planning and Implementation Guide.
SETENV	Set C Library environment variables.	_	You can set environment variables using the export command export variable=value.
			For more information, see the export man page.
SHOWSCREEN	Restore a screen that has been hidden by the HIDESCREEN command	-	As with Hidescreen, there is no Linux equivalent.
SHUTDOWN	With the ACPI power- management driver loaded, force the server to shut down and power off.	shutdown -h	For more information, see the documentation on the Web (http://docs.hp.com/en/A5201-96043-en/apcs08.html).
SHUTDOWN NETWORK INTERFACE	Shut down a logical board without removing its resources.	ifdown	For more information, see the ifdown man page.
SLP	Manage and monitor SLP.	slptool	For example, slptool findsrvs smb.
			For more information, enter slptool -help at the command prompt.
SMDR	Manage the Storage Management Data Requester, a Storage Management Services (SMS) component.	smdrd	For more information, see the smdrd man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
SPEED	Display the speed at which the processor is	cat /proc/ cpuinfo	For more information, see the cat man page.
	running.		You can also see information about processors in Novell Remote Manager. See "Viewing Processors" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: Novell Remote Manager Administration Guide.
SPFCON, SPXCONFG, SPXS		_	SPX is a legacy protocol for NetWare only, including NetWare running in a virtual machine on an OES host server.
SPOOL	Create, change or display spooler mappings.	_	Legacy NetWare printing has been replaced by iPrint on both OES
	IMPORTANT: This applies to NetWare legacy printing and is no longer supported.		platforms.
START PROCESSORS	Start one or more secondary processors when the server is running on a multiprocessor computer.	_	Control of individual processors is not available as part of OES.
STOP PROCESSORS	Stop one or more secondary processors in a multiprocessor computer.	_	Control of individual processors is not available as part of OES.
SWAP	Display information about swap files, add or delete swap files, and specify the parameters of swap files.	mkswap swapon swapoff	For more information, see the respective man pages.
_TCP	Monitor TCP/IP activity and connection status.	tcpdump	For more information, see the topdump man page.
			To watch failovers and errors on bonded interfaces, use tail -f / var/log/messages.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
TCPCON	Monitor TCP/IP activity, configuration and statistics information, known routes, trap log.	netstat	For more information, see the netstat man page.
	Use SNMP to access TCP/IP information in any remote protocol stack supporting the TCP/IP Management Information Base (MIB).		
TECHWALK	Record NetWare configuration information.	_	Techwalk is not available for OES. However, there is a GPL utility named supportconfig that collects system troubleshooting information. For more information, visit the Cool Solutions Web site (http://www.novell.com/coolsolutions/tools/16106.html).
TIME	Display date and time, daylight saving time status, and time synchronization information	date	For more information, see the date man page.
TIMESYNC		_	Timesync is a NetWare time protocol that is compatible with and being replaced by NTP on NetWare. NTP is also the time protocol for Linux.
TLI	Provide Transport Level Interface (TLI) communication services.	_	This command is not ported to OES.
TNAMESERV	Start the Java IDL name server.	tnameserv	For more information, see the tnameserv man page.
TPING	Send an ICMP echo request packet to an IP node on your internetwork.	ping	For more information, see the ping man page.
TRACK OFF	Prevent the server from displaying the RIP tracking screen.	_	RIP tracking is a NetWare concept that is not relevant to OES.
TRACK ON	View the RIP tracking screen and make it the active screen.	_	RIP tracking is a NetWare concept that is not relevant to OES.
TSAFS	Manage the SMS Target Service Agent for the file system.	tsafs	For more information, see the tsafs man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
UNBIND	Remove a communication protocol from the LAN driver of a network board; disable communication on a specific board	ifdown	For more information, see the ifdown man page.
UNLOAD	Unload a module that was previously loaded with the LOAD command	_	For OES services, use the service's stop script: /etc/init.d/ service stop.
			Most OES services have start, stop, and restart options. For example, to stop eDirectory, enter / etc/init.d/ndsd stop at the command prompt.
UPS_AIO	Provide the software link between your server and the UPS.	_	Support is hardware-specific. See man apcupsd in the apcpupsd package.
VERIFY	Validate all blocks in an NSS pool.	ravsui verify poolname ravview	The ravsui and ravview utilities are installed as part of Novell Storage Services NSS.
			Use the ravsui utility to find out whether you need to rebuild a pool to correct NSS volume problems.
			Use ravview to view the output.
			For help, enter one of the commands with the -h option.
VERSION	View the file server version, license	uname -a ncpcon	For more information on the uname command, see the uname man page.
	information, and copyright notice from the System prompt.	version ndsstat	For more information about ncpcon, see "NCPCON" in the OES 2015 SP1 Beta: NCP Server for Linux Administration Guide.
			For help with ndsstat, enter the command with the -h option.
VIEW	View a file from the NetWare server console.	less filename cat filename	These commands are basically equivalent, but less allows for better scrolling and paging.
			For more information, see the less and cat man pages.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
VMDISMOUNT	Make a volume unavailable to users so it can be repaired.	_	The umount command makes a traditional Linux volume unavailable so it can be repaired.
			Equivalent functionality for NSS volumes is available in the nssmu utility, which is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Management Utility (NSSMU) Quick Reference" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
VMMOUNT	Make a volume available to users.	_	The mount command makes local and remote Linux POSIX file systems available.
			Equivalent functionality for NSS volumes is available in the nssmu utility, which is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Management Utility (NSSMU) Quick Reference" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
VMVOLUMES	List mounted volumes, including number, status and name.	_	The mount command displays a list of all available file systems, both local and remote.
			The nlvm list volumes command displays a list of all available NSS and Linux POSIX file systems.
			The nlvm list volume volumename command displays details about a specified volume.
			Equivalent functionality for NSS volumes is available in the nssmu utility, which is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Management Utility (NSSMU) Quick Reference" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
VOLUME	List mounted volumes or information about a specific volume.	-	The mount command displays a list of all available file systems, both local and remote.
			Equivalent functionality for NSS volumes is available in the nssmu utility, which is installed with the Novell Storage Services RPMs and is documented in "NSS Management Utility (NSSMU) Quick Reference" in the OES 2015 SP1: NSS File System Administration Guide for Linux.
VREPAIR	Correct volume problems on NetWare Traditional volumes; remove name space entries from directory entry tables.	fsck	For more information, see the fsck man page.
WHOIS	Display information about either the DNS name or the IP address, depending on which is entered.	whois	For more information, see the whois man page.
WS2_32	Manage Winsock 32.	_	Does not apply.
XIDEV	Manage mouse support for the X Windows interface.	_	Mouse support on OES is managed in YaST > Hardware (via sax2).
XLOG	Diagnose ISDN-related connection problems with Eicon Technology ISDN adapters.	_	This command is not ported to OES.
XNFS SHARE	List all shared paths.	exportfs -v	When executed without any options, exportfs displays only the exported path and the host that it is allowed to access. With the -v option, it displays the export options. For more information, see the exportfs man page.
XNFS SHARE REFRESH	Refresh the share list from the exports file.	exportfs -r	For more information, see the exportfs man page.
XNFS SHARE /PATH EXPORT_OPTIO NS	Share a path dynamically.	exportfs -o options host:/path	For more information, see the exportfs man page.
XNFS UNSHARE /PATH	Unshare a path.	exportfs -u host:/path	For more information, see the exportfs man page.

NetWare Command	Purpose or Subcommand	Linux Command Counterpart	Alternatives and Notes
XNFS NFS STATS	Display NFS protocol statistics.	nfsstat -n	For more information, see the nfsstat man page.
XNFS MOUNT STATS	Display MOUNT protocol statistics.	_	Similar functionality is not available on OES.
XNFS LOCKD STATS	Display LOCK protocol statistics.	_	Similar functionality is not available on OES.
XNFS TRACE ON/OFF	Turn the NFS Trace screen on or off.	tcpdump	XNFS TRACE provides a minimal trace; topdump captures all packets. For more information, see the topdump man page.
XNFS LOGSCREEN ON/OFF	Turn the NFS Log screen on or off.	_	Log messages are captured in /var/log/messages file.
XNTPD	Synchronize time with servers that are NTPv3 compliant.	ntpd	For more information, see the ntpd man page.
YPCAT, YPWHICH, YPSET, YPPASSWD, etc.	NIS related operations.	Equivalent commands are available with the same names.	For more information, see the respective man pages.

3 Other Tips

Table 3-1 discusses problems that are common when NetWare administrators first begin working with Linux systems:

Common Problems and Solutions

Table 3-1 Common Problems and Solutions

Торіс	Problem	Solution
Shell Scripts	Scripts won't run after changes are made on a Windows machine.	The quickest solution is usually to enter the following command at a command prompt:
	Because DOS uses different ASCII characters to indicate a line ending (CR,LF) than Linux/UNIX (LF only), shell script files that were created or modified on a	dos2unix filename where filename is the name of the text file needing to be converted.
	Windows system do not run on Linux until they are converted to UNIX format.	Also, many text editors have an option to save files in UNIX format.

NCF vs. Shell Script Files

NCF files provide scripting on NetWare only and are not used with OES.

Shell scripts provide equivalent functionality on Linux, and most Linux administrators use them extensively. To learn about shell scripting, we recommend that you search for resources on the Web and consider investing in one or more of the excellent industry publications that address the subject.

Encryption for Linux Traditional File Systems

If you are interested in encrypting Linux traditional partitions and files, see "Encrypting Partitions and Files (http://www.suse.com/documentation/sles11/book_security/data/cha_security_cryptofs.html)" in the SLES 11 Security Guide (http://www.suse.com/documentation/sles11/book_security/data/book_security.html).