

Structured Data Manager

Software Version 7.60

SecureData Integration Guide



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Contents

Introduction.....	2
Purpose	2
Overview	2
Visualization of Secured (De-identified) Data	3
Customer Data in Production Database.....	3
Customer Data in Archive Database	3
Customer Data from Archive Database for the UserS	3
Customer Data in Archive Database for the UserC	3
Customer Data in Archive Database for the UserSC/Admin	3
Authentication Methods	4
Secure Data Settings.....	4
SDM Settings	5
Username/Password	6
LDAP Configuration	6
Following table specifies the identity groups with the user group as child groups:.....	6
Date-Time Formats in SDM	7
Data Access Cartridge.....	7

Introduction

Micro Focus Structured Data Manager (SDM) provides automated information lifecycle management and structured data optimization by relocating inactive data from expensive tier 1 production systems and legacy databases while preserving data integrity and access.

Voltage SecureData provides an end-to-end data-centric approach for enterprise data protection.

Now, with the increasing data volumes, more and more networked devices, individual data protection along with more and more government regulatory laws such as GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation) to protect personal data it becomes more important to figure out ways in which data can be preserved as well as protected.

As a company with both the above products in our portfolio we can offer a solution which helps our customers to comply with GDPR in an easy manner.

Purpose

Purpose of this document is to provide requirements for the developers implementing integration SecureData (private instance) with SDM.

Overview

SDM is a product which deals with large volume of data and in the context of securing the data following features are to be supported:

1. Identification/de-identification of bulk of data
 - This feature is available to SDM administrators only
 - Identification is required in case of undo business flow
2. Access to secured data (something like reporting) to the user based on the user's access rights – such as can view masked data (partial data – this is available in web services only, not for SimpleAPI), full access or no access to the data at all

In the given context following features of SecureData are important:

1. Authentication methods (credentials)
 - Shared secret
 - Username/password (LDAP Server is required)
 - Certificate (LDAP server is required if LDAP group based matching criteria is used for identity authorization rules)
2. Identity
 - Apart from the credentials, user identity plays an important role in generation of secure key
 - We can think of this as two factor authentication to gain access (or protect) different kind of data, can also be thought of as an answer to security question, after passing the authentication phase if they know the correct answer to given security question then only they are allowed to access/protect a particular kind of data
 - In SecureData an identity is set per format (the authorization is through pattern matching on identity but to get unique secure key for encryption/decryption of any given data the identity has to be the same), a point to be noted here that multiple formats can have same identity.

Visualization of Secured (De-identified) Data

In this section let us visualize the data access to various users based on the access rights on the system.

Let us assume that we have following users in the system:

User	Access Rights
Admin	Can see all the data
UserS	Can see SSN data
UserC	Can see Credit Card data
UserSC	Can see SSN and Credit Card data

Customer Data in Production Database¹

CustID	Name	SSN	Credit Card Number
1	Customer1	489-36-8350	4929-3813-3266-4295
2	Customer2	514-14-8905	5370-4638-8881-3020
3	Customer3	690-05-5315	4916-4811-5814-8111
4	Customer4	421-37-1396	4916-4034-9269-8783
5	Customer5	458-02-6124	5299-1561-5689-1938

Customer Data in Archive Database

CustID	Name	SSN	Credit Card Number
1	Customer1	612-20-6832	5293-8502-0071-3058
2	Customer2	300-62-3266	5548-0246-6336-5664
3	Customer3	660-03-8360	4539-5385-7425-5825
4	Customer4	213-46-8915	4916-9766-5240-6147
5	Customer5	449-48-3135	4556-0072-1294-7415

Customer Data from Archive Database for the UserS

CustID	Name	SSN	Credit Card Number
1	Customer1	489-36-8350	5293-8502-0071-3058
2	Customer2	514-14-8905	5548-0246-6336-5664
3	Customer3	690-05-5315	4539-5385-7425-5825
4	Customer4	421-37-1396	4916-9766-5240-6147
5	Customer5	458-02-6124	4556-0072-1294-7415

Customer Data in Archive Database for the UserC

CustID	Name	SSN	Credit Card Number
1	Customer1	612-20-6832	4929-3813-3266-4295
2	Customer2	300-62-3266	5370-4638-8881-3020
3	Customer3	660-03-8360	4916-4811-5814-8111
4	Customer4	213-46-8915	4916-4034-9269-8783
5	Customer5	449-48-3135	5299-1561-5689-1938

Customer Data in Archive Database for the UserSC/Admin

CustID	Name	SSN	Credit Card Number
1	Customer1	489-36-8350	4929-3813-3266-4295
2	Customer2	514-14-8905	5370-4638-8881-3020
3	Customer3	690-05-5315	4916-4811-5814-8111
4	Customer4	421-37-1396	4916-4034-9269-8783

¹ Data in green is accessible and data in red is not.

5	Customer5	458-02-6124	5299-1561-5689-1938
---	-----------	-------------	---------------------

Now, it is easy for us to understand that the key to encrypt the data plays important role. We need to have this key based on the data format. In the above example, if key used for SSN and Credit Card Number are different then we will be able to achieve data access to the users based on their rights. In case of SecureData the key is generated based on the identity provided by the user. With this in mind, let us have identities per format as below:

Format	Identity
Social Security Number	idSSN
Credit Card	idCC
Alpha Numeric	idAlphaNum

Now, let us create a table with identity and user access rights mapping:

Identity	Admin	UserS	UserC	UserSC
idSSN	Full	Full	-	Full
idCC	Full	-	Full	Full
idAlphaNum	Full	-	-	-

With this table, we understand that there should be some rules which are to be provided to restrict the identification (of the data) functionality based on the identity and user. This can be done using identity rules on SecureData side. We will be using this as an example in the following sessions.

Authentication Methods

SecureData uses shared secret, username/password and certificates as authentication mechanism. With SDM, we will be using only shared secret (in a limited manner) and username/password methods along with “LDAP + Shared Secret” mechanism.

Secure Data Settings

Create an authentication method as described on page 35 of SecureData Administrator Guide. Here is a screenshot for a quick reference:

Home | Key Management | **SSL** | Data Protection Settings

District | Key Rotation | **Authentication** | Policy | Hadoop TDE

Authentication

Edit existing Authentication Method

Method Name *

Identity Patterns * ?

IP Addresses * ?

Enabled

Comment

* denotes mandatory field.

Authentication Settings

Method Type

LDAP Resource * ?

You can manage the list of available LDAP resources from the [LDAP Resources page](#).

Search by Group Name ?

Use LDAP plus shared secret ?

Secret String * ?

Note: Secrets must be at least 8 characters and contain both letters and numbers.

Confirm Secret * ?

Authentication Type ?

SDM Settings

The SDM side settings are to be done as below:

Default Identity

SDM

Home > Settings > Masking Server

Voltage SecureData Appliance Settings

ENVIRONMENT < APPLY

TASKS <

USERS <

SETTINGS >

- User
- File Archive
- Email Server
- Indexing Server
- Certificate Issuers
- Masking Server**
- Product Info

Masking Product

Shared Library/DLL Path

Server Base URL

Default Identity

Shared Secret *

Input Data

Output Data

Format Specific Identity

Home > Settings > Masking Server

Voltage SecureData Appliance Settings

ENVIRONMENT <

TASKS <

USERS <

SETTINGS >

User

File Archive

Email Server

Indexing Server

Certificate Issuers

Masking Server

Product Info

GENERATE

VOLTAGE SECUREDATA FORMAT - SDM FUNCTIONS

Provide a prefix to identify all the SecureData format functions. If you want to adjust the Display Name of the function for a given format from within SDM to be easier to read, you can edit the Display Name of the format. For a given format, the generated function name will be <Prefix>_<Display Name>. For example, for prefix "SecureData"? and Display Name "Credit_Card"? the function name within SDM will be "SecureData_Credit_Card"?.

Function Prefix

NAME	DISPLAY NAME	IDENTITY
A credit card format	A_credit_card_format	user.id@example.com
a simple cc format	a_simple_cc_format	user.id@example.com
aaronText	aaronText	user.id@example.com
ACCName	ACCName	user.id@example.com

Activate V
Go to Setting

Username/Password

This method requires LDAP instance. The identity rules on the SecureData side takes LDAP groups into account, so we need to make sure that we setup the LDAP group such that our access right requirements are satisfied.

LDAP Configuration

We need to make sure that we need to configure the groups such that they can be referred correctly in identity authorization rules of Secure Data. Also we need to make sure that identity groups are also formed for SDA to validate the identity for a given format. SDA needs the identity information for a group in "proxyAddresses" attribute and these identity groups can be made parent group of user groups. Following table specifies the details on users under a specific user group for the example data:

Group	Group Name	Users
Admin	G-Admin	Admin
Social Security Number	G-SSN	UserS, UserSC
Credit Card	G-CC	UserC, UserSC
OnlySDM	G-SDM	UserSDM

Following table specifies the identity groups with the user group as child groups:

Group	Group Name	User Groups	proxyAddresses
Social Security Number	G-idSSN	G-Admin, G-SSN	idSSN
Credit Card	G-idCC	G-Admin, G-CC	idCC

Date-Time Formats in SDM

In SDM the Date, DateTime or Timestamp database data types are treated in the same format as Timestamp type. The internal string representation of the Timestamp is of the format YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS.nnnnnnnnn (where n representation nanoseconds part). However, while using the same with SecureData for encryption/decryption the nanosecond part is ignored.

SecureData appliance has ORA-DATE format which is different from SDM internal representation and it will not work for us. We need to create another Date type format in SDA to make sure that our Date-Time formats work correctly. You can create the same with the format string as YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS. This format has been shown in the screenshot below:

View Date format

Format Name and Value	
Format Name	SDM-ORA-DATE
Format String	YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS
Minimum Year	1900
Maximum Year	2017
Data Protection Type	FPE - Format-Preserving Encryption
Comment	Date between years 1900 and 2017

Note: Please note that anytime you add any new format to SDA, you need to make sure that you restart SDM Web Console.

Data Access Cartridge

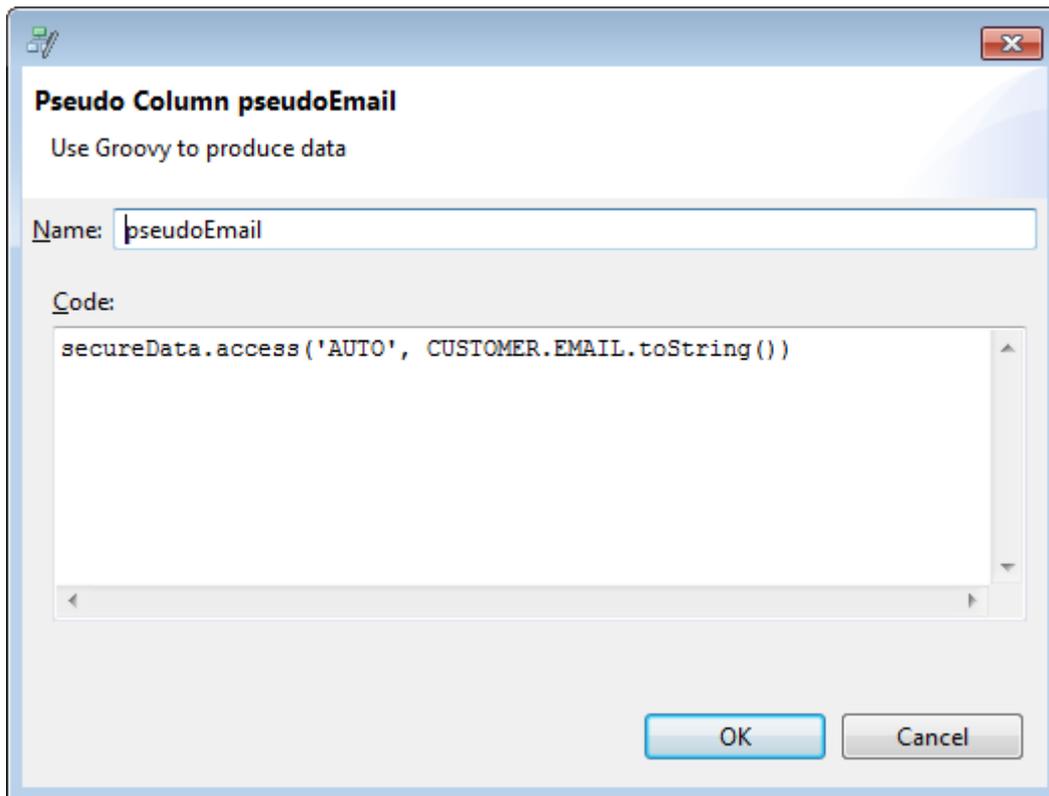
The de-identified data columns require pseudo column if the data is to be identified (decrypted). This identified data will be available to the user based on the privileges set in SDA. In the pseudo column one of the following groovy functions (of `secureData` object) is to be used to identify the data:

- String `access`(String format, String dataIn)
- Timestamp `access`(String format, Timestamp dataIn)
- BigDecimal `access`(String format, BigDecimal dataIn)

The format string is to be specified based on the format of the data stored in the column and appropriate conversion function is to be used for `dataIn`. For each of the function here are the example usages:

- `secureData.access('AUTO', CUSTOMER.EMAIL.toString())`
- `secureData.access('AUTO', CUSTOMER.DATEOFBIRTH.toTimestamp())`
- `secureData.access('AUTO', CUSTOMER.CUSTOMERID.toBigDecimal())`

An example screen shot is given below:



Similar identification of the de-identified (encrypted) data one can use protect method available in `secureData` object to encrypt (or de-identify) the data in DAC, following methods are available for the same:

- String **protect**(String format, String dataIn)
- Timestamp **protect**(String format, Timestamp dataIn)
- BigDecimal **protect**(String format, BigDecimal dataIn)

Appendix A

SSL Certificates

We need to make sure that we trust the SDA certificate. We need to add this certificate in our trust store. For Windows, please refer to [Voltage_SecureData_SimpleAPI_5.20_Install.pdf](#) (Trusted Root Certificates section). Also, we need to make sure that Java trust store also has the SDA root certificate. A sample command is below:

```
"<SDM Install Directory>\jre\bin\keytool" -import -trustcacerts -alias VoltageInternal -file "<Path to Certificate File>" -keystore "<SDM Install Directory>\jre\lib\security\cacerts"
```

Default password: changeit

For example:

```
"C:\SDM\SDM760\jre\bin\keytool" -import -trustcacerts -alias VoltageInternal -file "C:\Temp\Acne Root.cer" -keystore "C:\SDM\SDM760\jre\lib\security\cacerts"
```

Please note that the keystore to be used is the cacerts file under jre/lib/security directory.

Note: If you are using Windows 7, it may so happen that the public SecureData instance (voltage-pp-0000.dataprotection.voltage.com) provided for testing purpose may give you an error (in the sdm.log file you will see an error VE_ERROR_CANNOT_VERIFY_CERT). This is due to one of the update is missing on your OS. Please refer to <https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/3140245/update-to-enable-tls-1-1-and-tls-1-2-as-a-default-secure-protocols-in> for required Windows 7 update. If the update is done then you need to make sure that you apply “Easy fix” provided in the same article.

Appendix B

SDA Setup with OpenLDAP

Home	Key Management	SSL	Data Protection Settings	Web Service	PIE	System
Deploy	Hosts	Resources	Advanced			

Resources

Note: This LDAP resource is currently referenced in one or more [Key Management authentication methods](#) and [Web Service identity authorization rules](#), as well as the console [LDAP Access configuration](#).

Edit Existing LDAP Resource

Resource Name * ⓘ

URL * ⓘ

Username * ⓘ

Password * ⓘ

Confirm Password * ⓘ

Comment

* denotes mandatory field.

Show Advanced Options

Schema settings

Populate Standard Settings ⓘ

Windows Domain	<input type="text"/>	ⓘ
Bind with full DN	<input type="text" value="Always"/>	ⓘ
Username Field	<input type="text" value="CN"/>	ⓘ
Identity Field	<input type="text" value="o"/>	ⓘ
Groupname Field	<input type="text" value="CN"/>	ⓘ
Object Field	<input type="text" value="objectClass"/>	ⓘ
DN Field	<input type="text" value="DN"/>	ⓘ
User Type	<input type="text" value="person"/>	ⓘ
Group Type	<input type="text" value="groupOfUniqueNames"/>	ⓘ
Search Sub-tree	<input type="text" value="o=sevenSeas"/>	ⓘ
Member Field	<input type="text" value="uniqueMember"/>	ⓘ
Member Of Field	<input type="text"/>	ⓘ

Timeout settings

Search Timeout (secs)	<input type="text" value="10"/>	ⓘ
Read Timeout (secs)	<input type="text" value="10"/>	ⓘ
Connect Timeout (secs)	<input type="text" value="10"/>	ⓘ

Appendix C

SDA Setup with Active Directory

home | Key Management | SSL | Data Protection Settings | Web Service | File | System

Deploy | Hosts | Resources | Advanced

Resources

Note: This LDAP resource is currently referenced in one or more [Key Management authentication methods](#) and [Web Service identity authorization rules](#), as well as the console [LDAP Access configuration](#).

Edit Existing LDAP Resource

Resource Name * ?

URL * ?

Username * ?

Password * ?

Confirm Password * ?

Comment

* denotes mandatory field.

Show Advanced Options

Schema settings

Populate Standard Settings ?

Windows Domain	<input type="text"/>	?
Bind with full DN	<input type="text" value="Never"/>	?
Username Field	<input type="text" value="sAMAccountName"/>	?
Identity Field	<input type="text" value="proxyAddresses"/>	?
Groupname Field	<input type="text" value="sAMAccountName"/>	?
Object Field	<input type="text" value="objectClass"/>	?
DN Field	<input type="text" value="distinguishedName"/>	?
User Type	<input type="text" value="person"/>	?
Group Type	<input type="text" value="group"/>	?
Search Sub-tree	<input "="" type="text" value="CN=Users,dc=BLRSDM,dc="/>	?
Member Field	<input type="text" value="member"/>	?
Member Of Field	<input type="text" value="memberOf"/>	?

Timeout settings

Search Timeout (secs) ?

Read Timeout (secs) ?

Connect Timeout (secs) ?