


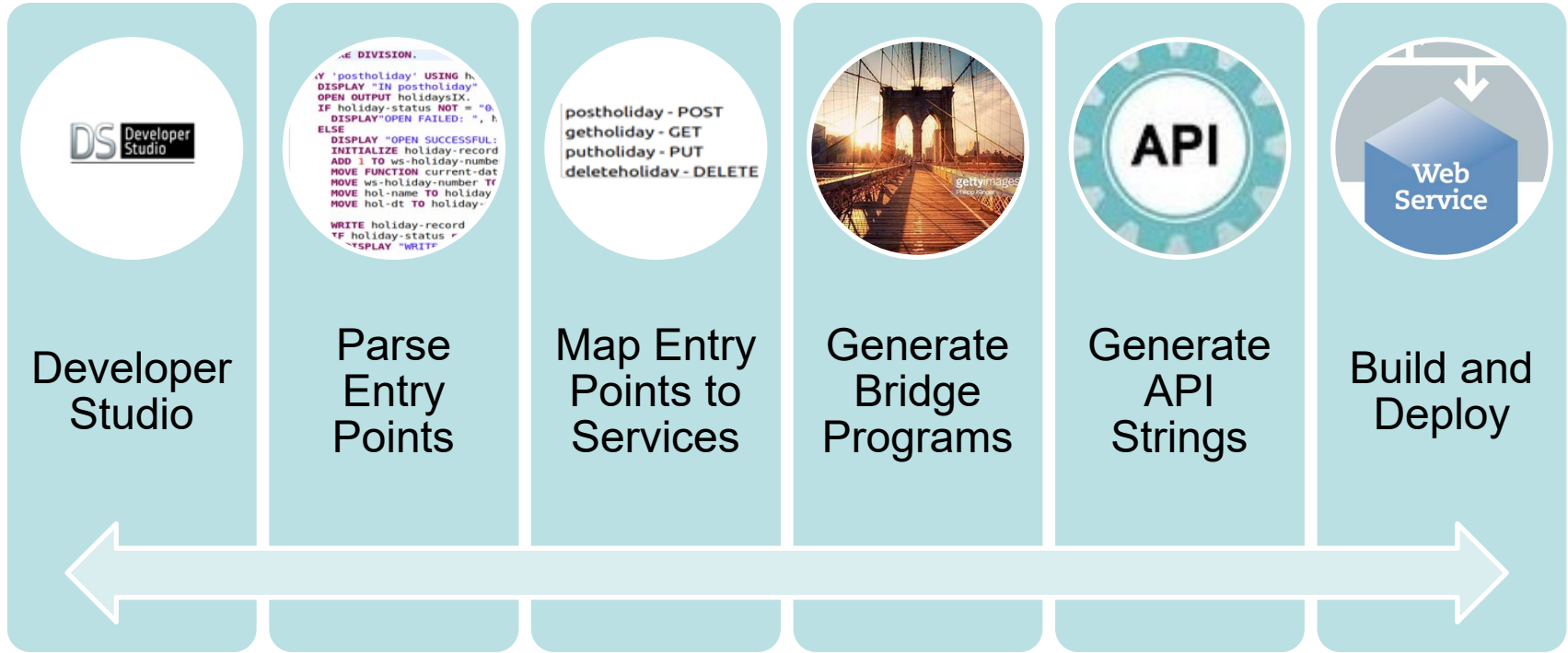


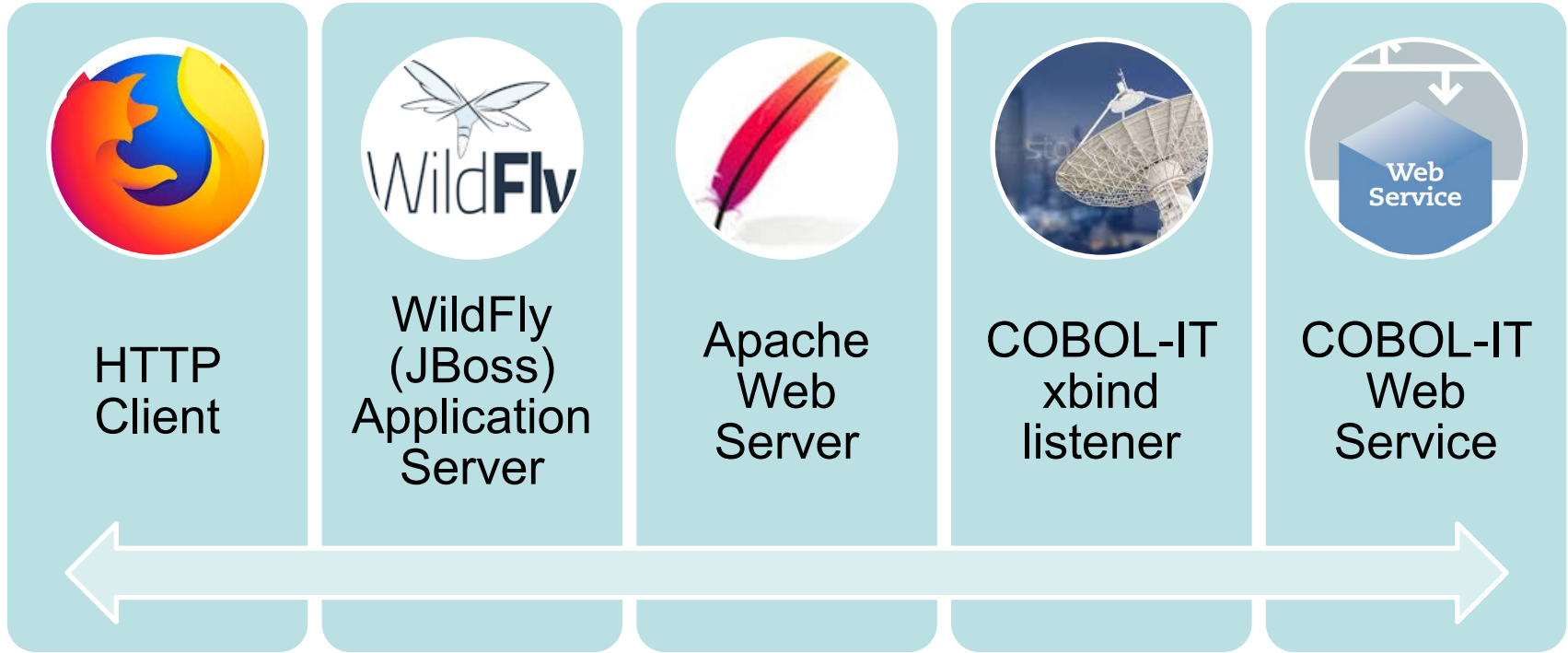
# COBOL-IT Web Services Solutions

## Development and Deployment Solutions

-  Overview
-  The Development View
-  The Deployment View
-  Using WildFly
-  Using Apache
-  Using xbind

- ❏ The COBOL-IT Web Services Solution allows new or existing COBOL programs with Entry Points to be accessed as Web Services by any Client.
- ❏ The COBOL-IT Web Services Perspective
  - ❏ Maps HTTP Methods POST, GET, PUT and DELETE to Entry Points in the COBOL Source
  - ❏ Generates API strings for use by the Client
  - ❏ Generates bridge programs from customizable templates that can receive the API message, and consume the appropriate COBOL-IT Web Service







Requires traffic on port  
8080



Requires traffic on port  
80



Requires traffic on port  
9735



Command	Description
<code>\$ sudo systemctl start wildfly</code>	Starts the WildFly service
<code>\$ sudo systemctl status wildfly</code>	Check the output for a status of active (running)
<code>\$ sudo systemctl enable wildfly</code>	Enables the service to be automatically started at boot time
<code>\$ sudo ufw allow 8080/tcp</code>	Allows traffic on port 8080
<code>\$ sudo /opt/wildfly/bin/add-user.sh</code>	Create a user who will be able to connect using the administration console. When prompted, select a for Management User. Then follow prompts to create a user-name and password.
<code>\$ <a href="http://&lt; your domain or ip address &gt;:8080">http://&lt; your domain or ip address &gt;:8080</a></code>	Opens the default WildFly page
<code><a href="http://206.189.67.46:9990/console/index.html">http://206.189.67.46:9990/console/index.html</a></code>	The WildFly administration console. Sign in using the user-name and password you have created.
<code>\$ sudo systemctl restart wildfly</code>	Restart the wildfly service if you have made changes to wildfly.service, wildfly.conf or launch.sh files. See documentation for details.



- ☉ Note: The sample program has a hard-coded path to, and name of the shell script that is designed to run the xholidays executable.
- ☉ Copy run.sh into the /vagrant/cobol/webservices/xholidays folder
  - ☉ >chmod 755 run.sh
  - ☉ >cp run.sh /vagrant/cobol/webservices/xholidays
- ☉ Upload and deploy `spring-resteasy.war` to the WildFly server, as described in the documentation at <http://www.mastertheboss.com/jboss-server/jboss-deploy/deploying-applications-on-wildfly-using-the-web-console-and-the-cli>





Command	Description
<code>\$ sudo ufw app list</code>	Lists applications that have registered their profiles with UFW upon installation. Verify that OpenSSH is listed as an Available application.
<code>\$ sudo ufw allow OpenSSH</code>	Allow SSH connections
<code>\$ sudo ufw enable</code>	Enable the firewall. Type “y” at the prompt.
<code>\$ sudo ufw status</code>	Verify that OpenSSH is ALLOWed from Anywhere
<code>\$ sudo ufw allow OpenSSH</code>	Allow SSH connections
<code>\$ sudo ufw enable</code>	Enable the firewall. Type “y” at the prompt.
<code>\$ sudo ufw status</code>	Verify that OpenSSH is ALLOWed from Anywhere
<code>\$ sudo apt-get update</code>	Updates the local package to reflect the latest changes.
<code>\$ sudo apt-get install apache2</code>	Install Apache and all required dependencies
<code>\$ sudo ufw app list</code>	List existing application profiles. The goal is to enable access to Apache through the firewall.
<code>\$ sudo ufw allow 'Apache Full'</code>	Allow incoming traffic for the Apache Full profile



Command	Description
<code>\$ sudo ufw status</code>	Verify that Apache Full ALLOWs HTTP traffic from Anywhere
<code>\$ sudo systemctl status apache2</code>	Verify that Apache is running
<code>\$ http://your-servers-public-IP-address</code>	Request a page from Apache. If you don't know it: <code>\$ sudo apt-get install curl</code> <code>\$ curl -4 icanhazip.com</code>
Enter your IP address into your browser's address bar. You should see the default Apache web page.	
<code>\$ sudo systemctl stop apache2</code>	Stops the web server
<code>\$ sudo systemctl start apache2</code>	Starts the web server when it is stopped
<code>\$ sudo systemctl restart apache2</code>	Stop and then start the web server
<code>\$ apache2 -v</code>	Version information on apache Ex: Server version Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
<code>\$ curl <a href="http://127.0.0.1">http://127.0.0.1</a></code>	Output in HTML printed on screen



- ☉ Note: The sample program has a hard-coded path to, and name of the shell script that is designed to run the xholidays executable.
- ☉ Copy run.sh into cgi-bin folder of the Apache Web Server
  - ☉ `>chmod 755 run.sh`
  - ☉ `>cp run.sh /usr/lib/cgi-bin`



- ❏ Copy xbind into the COBOL-IT bin folder
  - ❏ `>cp xbind /opt/cobol-it4-64/bin`
- ❏ Copy run.sh into the project folder
  - ❏ `>chmod 755 run.sh`

- ☉ For Installing WildFly on Linux platforms:
  - ☉ <https://vitux.com/install-and-configure-wildfly-jboss-on-ubuntu>
- ☉ For Deploying a WAR file in the WildFly Console
  - ☉ <http://www.mastertheboss.com/jboss-server/jboss-deploy/deploying-applications-on-wildfly-using-the-web-console-and-the-cli>
- ☉ For Installing Apache on Linux platforms:
  - ☉ <https://vitux.com/how-to-install-and-configure-apache-web-server-on-ubuntu/>



# Thank You!

